COPY. broker J. Folds. 001.0035 Department of Territories. CANBERRA. 21st March, 1958. His Honour the Administrator of the Northern Territory, DARWIN. N.T. ESTABLISHMENT OF INSTITUTIONS FOR WARDS PART-COLOURED AND STATE CHILDREN IN THE NORTHERN TERRITORY. Reference is made to your memorandum 56/1919 of 5th June, 1957, and my teleprinter C2920 of 19th November, 1957 and C770 of 20th March, 1958. On 19th March, 1958, Cabinet approved, with an addendum that a limit of £200,000 be set for the time being on the amount available for loan : (a) That the Government provide to those Mission groups and Church bodies in the Territory interested in the establishment and operation of such institutions, a long term loan for 60 years at a nominal rate of interest of 1%, to establish and furnish such institutions as the Administrator may recommend and the Minister for Territories approves to provide for : (1) the care and education of children up to the age of 11 plus; (ii) children of post-primary age attending post-primary schools; (111)young apprentices and young working people; or hostels for young persons attending educational institutions in the main (iv) centres from areas where educational services are not available to them. That in respect of the first three categories (b) ((i), (ii) and (iii) above), where the Government has the full responsibility for the care and welfare of the children, the Government make a per capita payment varied according to the financial statements provided by the institution in respect of each child nominated by the Govern-ment. With regard to the fourth category ((iv)above), that the Government pay the present allowance for boarding to the children who come from homes in outlying areas, and if it is advisable to accommodate wards or State children in these hostels, that the Government should pay a per capita cost at the same level as any other institutions. (c) That a lease be granted to the Mission under a special purposes lease for the establishment of the institution, a condition of which will be that the institution must be used at all times for the purpose for which the lease has been granted.

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- (d) That until such time as the loan has been repaid the Mission will be prepared to accept those children nominated by the Government for accommodation.
- In arriving at its decision Cabinet considered the Commonwealth Government is responsible for the care, welfare, Education and advancement of native, part-coloured and State children in the Northern Territory and has found it convenient and economic to use the services of the Christian Missions in part for this work for which the Administration pays operational subsidies and gives assistance towards the purchase of capital items.
- It is felt that it is preferable for the Administration to leave to Church organisations the control and operation
 of institutions for wards and State children, and of hostels for
 the accommodation of children from outback areas who must leave
 home to obtain education but that where the Government has a full
 responsibility for the care and welfare of children, it should be
 prepared to meet the total costs accruing to missions and similar
 bodies associated with their maintenance and education.
- At present accommodation is being provided through several agencies for some 312 children required to live away from home (outback white children who must board to attend school, wards (under the Welfare Ordinance), part-coloured and State children). Of these 214 are wards, part-coloured or State children located at the:
 - (a) Retta Dixon Home, Darwin 100 ranging from infants to adolescents:
 - (b) St. Mary's Hostel, Alice Springs 70 varying in age from five to 18 years.
 - (c) United Church Home, Darwin two (2) partcoloured and State children; while
 - (d) Four (4) part-coloured children from outback areas board at Griffiths' House, 20 at St. John's Hostel and 18 at the Convent in order to attend school in Alice Springs.
- There are 88 children committed to the care of the State Children's Council and the majority of these have been placed in other Church institutions throughout the Territory. With increasing population and closer supervision this number will increase.
- 7. Because of undesirable social problems arising from its close proximity to the Bagot Settlement the Retta Dixon Home must be moved. It is desirable that this Home and St. Mary's should care only for children of primary school age. Children receiving secondary education should pass to institutions catering for secondary school age groups, whilst apprentices and young people in their early years of employment also require supervised hostel accommodation.
- 8. It is felt there will be an ultimate need to provide for 490 children, apprentices and young people to be accommodated in groups of 60 each at:
 - (a) Darwin a new Retta Dixon Home and the United Church Home;
 - (b) Alice Springs St. Mary's Hostel, Griffiths'
 House, St. John's Hostel and the Convent; whilst

- (c) The United Church or similar group will require hostel accommodation for apprentices and young workers numbering 50 in Darwin and 30 in Alice Springs; and, similarly
- (d) There is a need for a Catholic Home for 50 in Darwin.
- Separate accommodation for State children will not be required. Where adoptions or foster parents or accommodation in Southern States cannot be arranged, State children will be placed, as at present, in existing Church institutions.
- 10. Co-operation between the Government and voluntary agencies in the establishment and operation of these institutions might be achieved by:
 - (a) The Government erecting, furnishing and equipping the buildings and then passing the institution over to an organisation to operate and administer. The Government would retain full equity in the property and make a per capita payment in respect of each child accommodated at the request of the Government; or
 - (b) The Government advancing to Church Missions or other approved agencies a loan sufficient to cover the cost of establishing and furnishing the institution to be repaid over a long term and at a nominal rate of interest.
- The Administrator considers the second arrangement would place less administrative strain on the Administration and would, in the long term, produce better results. The key to the successful operation of such institutions lies in the type of staff engaged and religious organisations have a better chance of recruiting and retaining the type of staff needed. The Administration would still have responsibilities to discharge by the exercise of adequate supervision and control through the provisions of the Welfare Ordinance, the State Children's Act and, as the main contributor to operational expenses, by financial control. By the time the loans were redeemed and the Government right of momination lost, the walfare programme would have advanced to the point where the numbers of children requiring this kind of institutional care would be smaller. Meanwhile there would have developed enough institutions to take care of them without need of pressures and priorities.

12. In advising Cabinet approval, the Minister noted the file:

"Please do everything possible to ensure that effective action follows without delay."

It is assumed you will commence early negotiations with the Aborigines Inland Mission in respect of the Retta Dixon Home and I will appreciate your advice on the result of these and any further proposals from other interested bodies which you may care to recommend for the Minister's approval to enable their participation in the loan scheme.

(C.R. Lambert.) Secretary.