

Student Protection & Risk Management

Fact Sheet 10

May, 2007

Risk factors and indicators for harm in children 6-12 years*

This fact sheet contains information that may assist in the formation of a reasonable suspicion of child abuse/harm and neglect

Developmental issues:

- With increasing age- more likely to intervene in family violence; may be threat to self, siblings, property
- Provocation of child may lead to exhibition of violence
- Significant relationship issues between parent and child/family/peers

Risk factors in children 6-12 years may include:

- Exposure to multiple forms of child abuse and neglect
- Exposure to non-familial and familial child abuse and neglect
- o Exposure to community violence
- o Repeat accidents and injuries
- Learning difficulties
- o Low self-esteem
- o Insecure family attachment
- o Impulsivity
- Hyperactivity/disruptive behaviour
- o Difficult temperament
- o Poor peer relationship building
- o Exposure to family violence
- o Chronic disruptive behaviours/inadequate behaviour management
- o Low social skills and problem solving

Risk factors in the family may include:

- o Maternal/paternal mental health disorder
- o Marital conflict associated with instability
- o Exposure to family violence
- o Deprivation (social and environmental)
- o Criminality
- o Parental substance abuse

Physical harm/abuse:

- Increased fractures compared to more isolated pattern in accidental injury
- o Bruising hand/object patterns

Sexual abuse:

- Sexualised behaviours may be observable
- o Genital abnormality (minority of cases)

Emotional abuse:

- o Behaviour problems/school alienation
- Developmental delay percentage of developmental delay linked to neglect and failure to thrive
- o Early onset child anxiety

Neglect-emotional, physical, medical:

- Presents with poor hygiene (including oral hygiene), lack of appropriate clothing/equipment, (NB: differentiate from economic disadvantage
- May present as failure to thrive inadequate nutrition
- Health needs not being met eg not being taken to health facility for appropriate treatment, immunisations not up to date
- Factitious illness disorder/ chronic somatic complaints by child/Munchhausen syndrome by proxy (repeated symptomatology)

(*This framework is a guide for practice and is not considered to be comprehensive of all harm, behaviours or presentations that may give rise to concern or suspicion of abuse/harm or neglect. Each indicator needs to be considered in the context of the child/young person's circumstances. Further harm/abuse and neglect can occur in the absence of a demonstrable 'risk factor'.)

Further information:

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