## ROYAL COMMISSION INTO INSTITUTIONAL RESPONSES TO CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE

Public Hearing - Case Study 50 (Day 248)

Level 17, Governor Macquarie Tower 1 Farrer Place, Sydney

On Tuesday, 14 February 2017 at 10am

Before:

The Chair: Justice Peter McClellan AM

Before Commissioners: Justice Jennifer Ann Coate

Mr Bob Atkinson AO APM Mr Robert Fitzgerald AM Professor Helen Milroy

Mr Andrew Murray

Counsel Assisting: Ms Gail Furness SC

Mr Stephen Free

1 2 3 4	MR FREE: Your Honour, we have five witnesse are here to speak to us about current practic formation.	•
5 6	<peter david="" sworn:<="" td="" thompson,=""><td>[10.06am]</td></peter>	[10.06am]
7 8	<pre><john hogan,="" michael="" pre="" sworn:<=""></john></pre>	[10.06am]
9	<pre><brendan james="" kelly,="" pre="" sworn:<=""></brendan></pre>	[10.06am]
11 12	<lydia allen,="" sworn:<="" td=""><td>[10.06am]</td></lydia>	[10.06am]
13 14	<pre><david andrew="" leary,="" pre="" sworn:<=""></david></pre>	[10.06am]
15 16 17	MR FREE: Sister, if I could start with you, tell the Commission your full name.	could you
18 19	SISTER ALLEN: Sister Lydia Allen.	
20 21 22	MR FREE: And, sister, you're a member of the Sisters of Mercy of Alma?	e religious
23 24	SISTER ALLEN: Correct.	
25 26 27	MR FREE: And you made your final profession religious sisters in 1989; is that right?	ı in the
28 29	SISTER ALLEN: Yes, 1989.	
30 31 32	MR FREE: How long was your process of train formation?	ning in
33 34	SISTER ALLEN: It was eight years.	
35 36	MR FREE: Was that all in the United States?	•
37	SISTER ALLEN: Yes. I did do some - I was a	•
38	a psychologist when I entered, and so I was d	
39	teaching and training of other psychologists	
40	doctors in Europe during parts of that time,	but basically
41	it was in the United States.	
42	MD EDEE: Thonk you Vou hold a DhD die name	hology?
43 44	MR FREE: Thank you. You hold a PhD in psyc	no rogy ?
44	SISTER ALLEN: Yes, I do.	
46	OTOTEN ALLEN. 165, I UU.	
47	MR FREE: You have served as a consultant to	the Vatican

1	congregation for Catholic Education?
2	
3	SISTER ALLEN: Yes, that's correct.
4	
5	MR FREE: What was that body?
6	
7	SISTER ALLEN: What was that body?
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9	MR FREE: Yes.
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11	SISTER ALLEN: At that time, the congregation for
12	education was in charge of seminarians in the seminaries,
13	so it was in that - for that reason that I was asked to be
14	a consultant, because I had worked with many seminarians
15	and priests.
16	WB
17	MR FREE: That work is now done by a different body,
18	called the Congregation for Clergy; is that right?
19	OTOTED ALLEN O
20	SISTER ALLEN: Correct, yes.
21	MD FDFF. And they recognished for recognish the decomposite
22	MR FREE: Are they responsible for preparing the documents
23	that are issued by the Vatican from time to time?
24	CICTED ALLEN. Voc. voc.
25	SISTER ALLEN: Yes, yes.
26 27	MR FREE: So the document that's called the Ratio
28	Fundamentalis, is that drafted by that body?
29	Tundamentaris, is that drafted by that body!
30	SISTER ALLEN: I'm not sure - this last one was from
31	Pope Francis, yes.
32	rope iranors, yes.
33	MR FREE: What work are you doing at the moment?
34	The treet white work are you doring at the moment.
35	SISTER ALLEN: I am the human formator, the Director of
36	Human Formation at the Seminary of the Good Shepherd, so
37	I work there. I teach, I do the assessments, and I do
38	counselling there.
39	<b>5</b>
40	MR FREE: Where is the seminary?
41	·
42	SISTER ALLEN: In Homebush.
43	
44	MR FREE: I think the Royal Commission has received
45	indications that the seminary at the moment has
46	32 seminarians; is that right?
47	

1	SISTER ALLEN: We now have more, including those who are
2	out in pastoral work, and we have a rather large group of
3	new seminarians coming in in their first year, so we're
4	almost up to 50.
5	
6	MR FREE: Thank you. So they're spread across six years
7	of study; is that right?
8	
9	SISTER ALLEN: About seven.
10	
11	MR FREE: And their ages range from - do you know how old
12	the youngest seminarian is?
13	
14	SISTER ALLEN: Probably 18, through 35.
15	
16	MR FREE: Thank you. How long have you been involved with
17	the Good Shepherd Seminary?
18	
19	SISTER ALLEN: For eight years.
20	
21	MR FREE: Are you aware how much the numbers have changed
22	in the seminary over, say, the last couple of decades?
23	
24	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.
25	
26	MR FREE: What has been the pattern?
27	CICTED ALLEN. 11-11 that was before my time have but and
28	SISTER ALLEN: Well, that was before my time here, but are
29	you talking internationally or are you talking about here?
30	MD FDFF. Con we feet firstly on the Cood Chenhand
31	MR FREE: Can we focus firstly on the Good Shepherd
32 33	Seminary.
33 34	SISTER ALLEN: I'm not all that familiar with the
3 <del>4</del> 35	statistics.
36	Statistics.
36 37	MR FREE: What about during your time?
38	TIN FREE. WHAT About dui mg your time!
30 39	SISTER ALLEN: During my time? We are increasing.
40	SISTER ALLEN. During my time: we are increasing.
40	MR FREE: Thank you. Do you have any idea of whether the
42	priests that are being produced out of the seminary -
42	firstly, where do they go to work?
44	The cry, who is do they go to work:
45	SISTER ALLEN: In various parishes. They're assigned to
46	various parishes.
40	var roud par rollod.

1 MR FREE: All within the Archdiocese of Sydney? 2 3 SISTER ALLEN: No, because they're not all from Sydney. Some of them come from different dioceses, so they would go 4 back to their home diocese. They would also, during the 5 time of their formation, go to their home diocese for 6 7 pastoral formation, for example, or pastoral work, in 8 different parishes. And when they're completed, when they complete, they are ordained in their own diocese, and then 9 they return to their own diocese. 10 11 Are those dioceses all within New South Wales? 12 MR FREE: 13 SISTER ALLEN: We have Canberra Goulburn, and we have 14 15 Wollongong, we have various dioceses, yes. 16 17 MR FREE: You may have heard yesterday, sister, some reference to the use of foreign priests in various dioceses 18 19 around the country, and the suggestion was that they are needed because of a lack of home-grown priests to serve the 20 needs of various dioceses. 21 22 23 SISTER ALLEN: Yes. 24 25 MR FREE: Do you have a sense of whether your seminary is, for the diocese that it services, producing the numbers 26 27 that are required to act in service? 28 29 Well, there is the statement that there is SISTER ALLEN: 30 always more work to be done than can be done. There are 31 always more places for good priests. So we're doing our best to form good and solid young priests, and older 32 33 priests, and so I don't know whether we will fulfil all of 34 the requirements that are needed for the formation of 35 priests in the diocese, but we're doing our best, and there are others also who are working also within the diocese. 36 38 MR FREE: Father Thompson, could Thank you, sister. 39

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I turn to you, please. Could you firstly tell the Commission your full name?

40 41 42

FATHER THOMPSON: My name is Peter David Thompson.

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MR FREE: Father, you're a member of the Congregation of the Mission, otherwise known as the Vincentian Fathers.

45 46 47

FATHER THOMPSON: I am.

1	
2	MR FREE: You have been since 1960; is that right?
3	EATHER THOMPCON. That has not only
4 5	FATHER THOMPSON: That's right.
5 6	MR FREE: The Vincentians have a particular calling to
7	priestly formation; is that right?
8	p. recery remarked, re-enact rights
9	FATHER THOMPSON: That was one of their calls, yes, right
10	back to St Vincent.
11	
12	MR FREE: You are also ordained as a priest; is that
13	right?
14	
15	THE CHAIR: Father, before you answer, that microphone
16	that's in front of you - can you bring it across. I think
17 18	it will move. And talk into it, if you would.
19	FATHER THOMPSON: Okay. Would you repeat the question?
20	TATHER THOM SON. Skay. Would you repeat the question:
21	MR FREE: I was asking, you're also an ordained priest?
22	
23	FATHER THOMPSON: Yes, I've been a priest for 50 years.
24	
25	MR FREE: And you've served as a parish priest in various
26	parishes around the country; is that right?
27	
28	FATHER THOMPSON: A parish priest or an assistant priest,
29	yes.
30	MD FDFF. And you've conved so the curemier of your
31	MR FREE: And you've served as the superior of your
32 33	community in Western Australia for a period of time?
34	FATHER THOMPSON: For six years, yes.
35	TATHER THOM COR. TOT STA YEARS, YES.
36	MR FREE: What's your current position, father?
37	,
38	FATHER THOMPSON: Currently I'm the rector of the diocesar
39	seminary in the Diocese of Wagga Wagga, known as Vianney
40	College.
41	
42	MR FREE: How long have you been in that position?
43	EATHER THOMPCON. Facultina and a
44	FATHER THOMPSON: Fourteen years.
45 46	MD EDEE: Can you toll us a little about the college and
46 47	MR FREE: Can you tell us a little about the college and what dioceses it serves?
¬ /	WIIGE GIOGGOO IE OCIVOS!

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Yes. FATHER THOMPSON: The college was founded by Bishop Brennan in 1992 as a diocesan seminary. a certain amount of controversy at the time. Bishop Brennan had two main reasons, I think. The one he gave publicly was that he wanted to train his priests in the country. The priests that serve in country parishes need a different kind of training to what they get in the city seminaries.

1992 was also, I think, the low point in morale, and certainly there were problems in both Sydney and Melbourne. That has since changed, thankfully.

So it struggled, for a start. I think Bishop Brennan had trouble getting adequate staff - formation staff and academic staff. But it did good work. Quite a number of young men came to it originally. Not all of them were ordained, but at least they tried their vocation.

By the time I was asked to become rector in 2004, there was a new bishop, Bishop Gerard Hanna, and the numbers of seminarians were down to four, and he warned me, he said, "If it doesn't become viable, we'll have to close it." He said, "Your challenge is to make it viable."

I foresaw one thing immediately, that a small diocese like Wagga Wagga could not provide seminarians to make a viable seminary, so we needed to turn to other country dioceses who had similar problems - or similar needs, rather than problems - and, even though it remains a diocesan seminary under the Bishop of Wagga, to welcome and to train seminarians from other particularly country dioceses, and we have moved in that direction.

So, to answer your final question, at the moment we have - I'm just going from memory - 10 seminarians for the Wagga Diocese; 8 for Lismore; at the moment we have none from Armidale, though there are some, I think, we could have at least in 12 months' time. We have one for the Melkite eparchy; we have four religious order men from a Vietnamese congregation, the Association of St Anthony; and two are training for the Confraternity of Christ the Priest, another diocesan-based religious community or association of Christ faithful based in Wagga. I've covered them all. There should be 25 when you add all those up.

 MR FREE: Do you have some other candidates from overseas that you are training?

FATHER THOMPSON: Yes. More than half of them were born overseas. The Vietnamese I mentioned will return to Vietnam, but the countries they come from cover Nigeria, Kenya, India, Philippines, Vietnam, Sri Lanka.

MR FREE: When you were talking about the establishment of the seminary you alluded to issues in Melbourne and Sydney. Can you just elaborate a little on what was going on in Melbourne and Sydney that prompted the establishment of the seminary?

FATHER THOMPSON: Not in great detail. The general word around, among the clergy, was that there was very little discipline in both those seminaries. Their numbers were very low, which kind of indicated low morale. There were complaints also about the orthodoxy of some of the classes, the theology and other disciplines that they were learning. But I'm just going on hearsay. I can't elaborate on that any further.

MR FREE: Does the college still have a reputation for having greater discipline or orthodoxy than other seminaries?

FATHER THOMPSON: I think so. I mean, some of you would be aware of our discipline - our reputation more than I am, but the general impression I get is that, yes, we insist on some old-fashioned discipline and orthodoxy. I don't know about more than others. I'm quite convinced that the other seminaries now are all on the right path.

MR FREE: And do you have a sense, father, of whether the priests who are being ordained after being trained at your seminary are providing the numbers required in the various country dioceses that you referred to?

FATHER THOMPSON: In Wagga, we're kind of replacing, I guess, those who are retiring. Possibly numbers have dropped, but we're barely replacing, I suppose. I hesitate - I know Armidale is facing great difficulties at the moment. Lismore - there are a handful that will be ordained for Lismore in the near future. So we are meeting, to some extent, the requirements but probably not

MR FREE: Do you know if each of those dioceses also upriests who have been ordained overseas to fill parish	
5 roles? 6	
FATHER THOMPSON: In Wagga, we normally don't get orda priests from overseas. Our priests that were born over have gone through Vianney College and have trained ther and, in doing so, attained a large amount of acculturat with the local scene. I think the other dioceses I've mentioned do have some that they've recruited directly overseas.	seas e ion
MR FREE: Thank you. If I could ask you, Father Thomp to pass the microphone over. Father Hogan, could I ask to state your full name, please?	
18 19 FATHER HOGAN: John Michael Hogan.	
20 21 MR FREE: You were ordained in England; is that right?	
22 23 FATHER HOGAN: That's correct, yes, 1981. 24	
MR FREE: And you came to Australia in the 1990s?	
FATHER HOGAN: Yes, 1995.	
MR FREE: You've served as a parish priest and in vari other roles in which diocese, father?	ous
32 FATHER HOGAN: In Parramatta. 33	
MR FREE: You hold a degree in psychology?	
FATHER HOGAN: That's correct. I'm not a clinical psychologist.	
MR FREE: You're also studying for a masters in psychology; is that right?	
FATHER HOGAN: That's correct, yes.	
44 MR FREE: What's your current position, father? 45	
FATHER HOGAN: I am the rector of Holy Spirit Seminary the Parramatta Diocese.	in

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**FATHER HOGAN:** I'm sorry, I missed the question.

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MR FREE: Have the numbers in your seminary changed much since you came in 2008?

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FATHER HOGAN: Yes, in 2008, there was a large increase.

1	We had about 12 seminarians. It kind of hovered around
2	that number for a few years, and then about four years
3	later dropped - I think there were only five in the
4	seminary one year, and then again we had increased intakes
5	each year after that. So this is the largest number we've
6	ever had.
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8	MR FREE: Thank you. Does the Parramatta Diocese also use
9	the services of priests who have been ordained overseas?
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11	FATHER HOGAN: Yes, it does.
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13	MR FREE: What countries are your priests from?
14	microscome roc and your pricates from
15	FATHER HOGAN: I couldn't be exactly sure, but there's
16	a lot of people from India, some from Vietnam, certainly
17	a couple from Korea, some from various African nations.
18	a couple from Rolou, come from various African hactons.
19	MR FREE: So ordained in each of those countries?
20	THE TREE. OF GRAPHICA THE GAGIN OF CHOSE COUNTER TOO!
21	FATHER HOGAN: Yes.
22	TATHER HOOAN. TOS.
23	MR FREE: Father Kelly, if I could turn to you, please,
24	can you state your full name?
25	can you state your runn name:
26	FATHER KELLY: Brendan James Kelly.
27	TATTIEN NEELT. Diendan James Neity.
28	MR FREE: And you're a Jesuit priest, father?
29	TIN TREE. And you're a sesure priese, racher!
30	FATHER KELLY: I am.
31	TATTIEN NEELT. I am.
32	MR FREE: You've been part of the Jesuit order since you
33	were 18; is that right?
34	word to, is that right:
35	FATHER KELLY: That's correct.
36	TATHER RELET. That 3 correct.
37	MR FREE: How long was your own formation as a Jesuit
38	before you took your final vows?
39	before you took your final vows!
40	FATHER KELLY: From 1970 to 1993.
41	TATTIEN NEELT. TTOIII 1970 to 1995.
41	MP EPEE: And you've held various teaching and leadership
42 43	MR FREE: And you've held various teaching and leadership
43 44	positions in Jesuit schools for about 25 years or so; is
	that right?
45 46	EATHER KELLY: Over that paried was
46	FATHER KELLY: Over that period, yes.

2	of Education?
3 4	FATHER KELLY: Yes.
5 6	MR FREE: What's your present position, father?
7 8 9 10	FATHER KELLY: Presently, I am the Novice Director and also the Province Delegate for Jesuit Formation.
11 12 13	MR FREE: Can you explain a little what's involved in each of those two positions?
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	FATHER KELLY: The novice director is the - it's the first two years once a candidate has been accepted into the Society, and so I have care of their training over those two years. In terms of the Provincial Delegate for Jesuit Formation, I oversee the formation program from novitiate through to - mostly through to post-ordination and tertianship.
22	MR FREE: How long have you been the provincial delegate?
<ul><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>	FATHER KELLY: I've had that job for four or five years, yes.
26 27 28	MR FREE: And the position as the director of novices, how long have you been in that position?
29 30	FATHER KELLY: This will be my 11th year.
31 32 33	MR FREE: Where is the novitiate now for the Jesuits?
34 35 36 37 38 39	FATHER KELLY: The novitiate now is housed in the Parramatta Diocese. It's two houses, two suburban houses, in the suburb of Emerton, which is part of the Holy Family Parish, which is conducted by the Jesuits on behalf of the diocese.
40 41 42 43 44	MR FREE: You've provided a statement to the Commission and you've indicated in that statement that the process of formation for a Jesuit priest or brother is markedly different from the formation process for a diocesan priest. Can you perhaps just outline the key steps in that process?
45 46 47	FATHER KELLY: The process, yes. I think, to begin with, there's a period of candidacy. After inquiry and

MR FREE: Do you hold a Diploma of Education and a Masters

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 acceptance to candidacy, there's a period of no less than 12 months, and then there's a formal interviewing to be admitted to the novitiate. The novitiate is usually a period of two years. And then there's a period of three years after novitiate called first studies, and that takes place in Melbourne, and they will do some study there, Catholic Theological College now, and if they look as though they might be heading towards an experience of teaching, then during that period they would get a dip ed, a Diploma in Education.

Then this is where it differs a little bit. After those three years, a Jesuit would go into a Jesuit ministry, and that would be like a hands-on. It's the first full experience, full time, of being engaged in a Jesuit ministry. So it might be working in a school, and they do that for two to three years, and then, after that, they would apply for theological studies.

Then if they've been accepted to theological studies, then recently, over the last three or four years, we have directed them to study theology at Boston College in Massachusetts, so they would go there to study their theology.

Then when they finish their theology, they apply for ordination, diaconate and ordination, priest ordination. They may go on to further study or they may go into a pastoral year or so, or they may be sent to ministry, and they may do that for four or six years, and then they will come into what we call tertianship, which is a seven-month - it's a full year, really, but the program in itself is over seven months, which brings Jesuits from all over the world, given that we're an international order, brings Jesuits together from all over the world to really revisit how they're travelling, where they are, what's happening, and where they might be heading in the future. So it's a new formative experience for them as well.

Basically, they repeat some of the things that happened in the novitiate, or they go through some of the same experiences.

MR FREE: Is that the final stage before final vows?

FATHER KELLY: Then there's another period when they're

finally invited to take final vows, which is really then the Society's acknowledgment of full incorporation into the Society. So that's why I mean it's a fairly lengthy period of formation.

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I was interested in Dr Ranson's statement about having that period of shortening the formal formation, if you like, and giving them some experience. Well, I think our regency does that, does help work towards that, because you actually do reflection with them on that experience, and it's a key one in leading up to, I think, making application to theology, which is really saying you want ordination.

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MR FREE: Thank you. You've also referred in your statement to what are called the experiments.

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FATHER KELLY: Yes.

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MR FREE: Can you explain a little when they occur and what they are?

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FATHER KELLY: The experiments are like placements which occur during the novitiate period, the two years. Traditionally, there have been six of them, but you're not held to that. You can have four or five. You can have varying experiences. But this is where the novices will actually be sent to a place and to engage for anything between six and ten weeks, and they'll be under supervision in that, but it's really about comfort zones, finding oneself in new situations. Because part of our charism is that we're not necessarily confined to one place. can be sent anywhere in the world. So we want the formation to be - we want people in formation that are adaptable and flexible like that. So these experiments provide that and also help to test whether this is really the life that I want to lead.

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MR FREE: How many do you have in the novitiate at the moment?

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FATHER KELLY: At the moment there's five.

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MR FREE: Thank you. What's their range of ages?

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FATHER KELLY: About 57 to 27.

3	FATHER KELLY: I'm not sure of the age, but it's got to be
4 5 6 7 8	in their 20s and it's usually after they've completed some degree. They're not accepted as - formally, they're not accepted straight from school.
9 10 11	MR FREE: Is there a formal requirement that they have some tertiary education before they apply?
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	FATHER KELLY: It's not a formal requirement, but if they have, it's helpful because they will probably end up doing some extra study to get that requirement. So we tend to accompany them, if they're interested, while they're doing their studies - we tend to accompany them, and then after they've finished their studies and they're still wanting to apply, then they do.
20	MR FREE: Do you reject a lot of applications?
21 22 23	FATHER KELLY: Yes.
24 25	MR FREE: Can you give us a sense of the proportion?
26 27 28 29 30	FATHER KELLY: Well, just - "reject" is interesting. You might put somebody on hold for various reasons. Let's say three apply, one will be accepted. That's what's happened this year.
31 32 33	MR FREE: Thank you. Dr Leary, if I could turn to you, can you state your full name, please?
34 35	DR LEARY: David Andrew Leary.
36 37 38	MR FREE: Doctor, you're a Franciscan friar; is that right?
39 40	DR LEARY: I am.
41 42 43	MR FREE: You spent some years in the seminaries at Springwood and Manly; is that right?
44	DR LEARY: I did. Four years.
45 46 47	MR FREE: But didn't proceed to ordination?

DR LEARY: True.

MR FREE: How old were you when you joined the Franciscans?

DR LEARY: In my 50s - 54.

MR FREE: What were you doing before that?

DR LEARY: Going back a little bit, so when I left the seminary at the end of 1977, I worked for 12 months as a male nurse at Sacred Heart Hospice, which at that stage was a completely palliative care unit, and during that time I was volunteering in the Parish of St Francis where the De La Salle Brothers had established a youth centre. During that 12 months of working as a male nurse and also volunteering, they suggested that I might continue to work with them, so on 14 December 1978 I decided to stay with the youth centre, which was called the Come in Centre, under the auspice of St Francis Welfare, as it was then. It has since become St Francis Social Services. And I worked there in a number of capacities for 32 years.

During that time, I finished my theology and philosophy. I did a Masters in Counselling. Then finally, I did a PhD in Health Psychology. The latter two degrees were at the University of New England.

My principal role, besides being the director of the centre at Paddington, I was also employed there as a counsellor.

MR FREE: What's your current occupation?

 DR LEARY: I have a couple of different roles. My substantive role, as of November last year was, I'm now Secretary of the Province for the Franciscans in Australia, New Zealand, Singapore, Malaysia, Brunei - I think that's it. In that role, I handle anything from the administration of the province, our liaison with Rome, and complaints of sexual abuse - I'm the first contact person for that. And dealing with the process, I'm the contact person within the Franciscans for dealing with matters of sexual and physical abuse. I'd be the one who represents the Franciscans at mediation sessions, which I did my first one with the Franciscans a couple of weeks after I started in the role.

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I think what for me is perhaps the most interesting aspect of that is that, for a very significant period of time, I was on the other side of the coin, so my work at Paddington, where we assisted homeless people, homeless young people, survivors of sexual abuse and physical abuse, and young people involved in the criminal justice system and young people involved in prostitution, both male and female. I was fairly heavily involved in the Royal Commission into the New South Wales Police Service, the Wood Royal Commission, in its paedophile reference, assisting victims, young people who had or were homeless, if they were called to give evidence.

So I think that's the background that led me both to join the Franciscans but also why I've ended up in this role.

My other substantive role is - it's a secondary role now - that I teach at university, and my teaching areas are in pastoral ministry, pastoral theology. So I'll continue to do that throughout this year, maybe next year as well, on a part-time basis. And I teach two significant units - Foundations of Pastoral Practice and Professional Issues in Pastoral Practice.

MR FREE: Do the students who take those courses include people who are in the seminaries?

DR LEARY: Yes, and a variety of religious orders.

MR FREE: How long have you been doing that teaching?

DR LEARY: I first started teaching at Australian Catholic University around similar issues in 2008. I've been assisting and teaching at the University of Divinity for the last couple of years. Prior to that, my full-time role when I was in Melbourne was I was the manager of the asylum seeker program for CatholicCare, which involved assisting young people, unaccompanied minors and families from Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Iran, Iraq, Vietnam, who came here by boat. So we were providing accommodation and allied health services. I headed up a team and was quite involved and have maintained some involvement in that area.

MR FREE: Thank you, doctor. Are there any Franciscans currently undergoing formation?

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46 47 DR LEARY: No, not in Australia. In Singapore, Malaysia, there are I think 12 or 13.

If you had someone within Australia present as a candidate for formation, where would they go?

DR LEARY: In their first year, in their postulancy year, it would probably be in a parish here in Sydney as an In their novitiate year, it would be in the United States. The English-speaking conference of the Franciscans has a combined novitiate. It was in It has since moved to Burlington, Wisconsin, California. I think, but there is talk of it moving back to California, and that would be a 12-month period.

Sister, if I could turn to you, MR FREE: Thank you. please, I want to ask each of the members of the panel, but starting with you, about the processes that you have for screening candidates for the seminary. Can you just outline for us, please, what the practice is at Good Shepherd?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes. We have a vocation director and he is presently working with candidates and he sees them for over a year on a regular basis, monthly, and he discusses with them their desire to enter the seminary and does some beginning assessment of whether or not he believes that they have the capacity and are willing and are ready and are able and willing to be formed.

Then, after a period of time, if he and the seminarian still believe that the seminarian - or, sorry, the candidate should go forward, then the seminarian, the candidate for the seminary, would send in an application form, and the vocation director also writes a report, which we would receive.

There are also other documents which have to be provided - police check, medical examination, references from parish priests and from others who have known this individual who are people who are respected within the community. So all of this comes in as a packet.

Then, to date, I look at it and see if there's anything that would need to be filled in, and also our rector looks at it. The rector interviews the

candidate. I do an assessment process, which includes an interview, extended interview, and then I have them come in a few half days where they would do the testing, and it all depends on how quickly they can answer the tests, the questions on the tests.

MR FREE: Just stopping you there, are you describing psychological tests?

 SISTER ALLEN: Psychological tests, yes, thank you. There are also questionnaires and things like that, which they fill out, and I give them a couple of packets to take with them.

 After all of this process is completed, then I will analyse the data and call them back in and talk with them about what the testing and the interviews are showing and ask them questions based on their responses, just so that I understand what it is that they're saying and what their positions are on various things.

At the end of that, I would write a report, and the report would go to our vocation director and, through him, to the archbishop and then to our rector.

MR FREE: Thank you.

THE CHAIR: What sorts of things is this process designed to tell you? What are you looking for?

SISTER ALLEN: A number of things: of course if there are any psychiatric issues, but that would just be the first and I would assume that there would not be, and also what their understanding of themselves is and what their relationships with others look like, what their sense of their own identity is; it would tell a bit about their sexuality as well. We have a number of questions in the questionnaire and in the interview in regard to their sexuality.

THE CHAIR: When you say their "sexuality", what do you precisely mean?

SISTER ALLEN: Well, what their experience has been in their families as they have grown up in terms of information that they have received, what their experience has been during their childhood and adolescence, whether

 there has been any sexual abuse, how they developed during their adolescence in terms of their sexuality, what experience they've had sexually, and they're usually very open with answering these questions.

If I have any further questions later on, then we clarify that. It could be also if there is some same sex attraction, we would talk about that as well. Our policy is that as long as there is no deep-seated sexual same sex attraction of being homosexual, and the key is on "deep-seated", then they would be allowed in and we would work with them in terms of seeing what is underneath it.

Now, we also have people coming in who have not had any sexual experience and who do not really know who they are in terms of their own sexual identity. So we work with those as well, to come to understand that their sexual identity is a part of their whole identity, their psychological identity, their affective aspects of self.

THE CHAIR: What do you mean by "deep-seated"?

SISTER ALLEN: "Deep-seated" means that they say, "This is who I am and this is what I want to be. This is what I want to remain, and I'm not interested in exploring this any further, and this is who I am, and if we talk about it or if you take a look at, if you", for example, the staff, "would want to take a look at changing me, I don't want to be changed." Well, we're not out to change people. We're out to help people come to understand what their real sexual identity is.

I'll give an example of someone who, in their adolescence, has had some - or may have been sexually abused at some point, may have had some sexual contact with the same - with a man or a young man and finds that pleasant, pleasing, and he comes to believe that he might be same sex attracted. And that may be true that he is, deep down inside, but it may not be true. It may be that because - and I can recall one young man who had that experience, and he discovered that there were a lot of dynamics within his family which had led to him to be rejecting of his own masculinity.

So if we have a candidate who rejects his masculinity, whatever the basis is, whether he's same sex attracted or not, then he will not be able to be fully the priest which

1 2 3 4	he is meant to be and able to be. So we look at helping the individual to come to know who he is sexually as a part of his entire identity.
5 6 7	THE CHAIR: So if the candidate has a deep-seated homosexual orientation, he would be rejected?
8 9 10	SISTER ALLEN: I would say yes, probably, because he would not be willing to be formed, to take a look at the underlying issues, just to take a look at them.
11 12 13 14	THE CHAIR: And if a candidate reveals a deep-seated heterosexual orientation, what happens to them?
15 16 17	SISTER ALLEN: Well, I have not heard of that being a problem.
18 19 20 21	MR FREE: Sister, the phrase "deep-seated homosexual attraction" derives from the 2005 direction from the Vatican; is that right?
22 23	SISTER ALLEN: That's correct.
24 25 26 27	MR FREE: So it is having a deep-seated homosexual attraction which disqualifies you from ordination; is that right?
28 29	SISTER ALLEN: Correct.
30 31 32 33	MR FREE: As a psychologist, is there a distinction between a same sex attraction and a deep-seated homosexual orientation?
34 35	SISTER ALLEN: Yes, there is a difference.
36 37 38 39	MR FREE: When you're having these discussions with candidates at the assessment phase that we've been talking about, do you make them aware that having a deep-seated homosexual orientation is a disqualifying factor?
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	SISTER ALLEN: I would assume so. I would talk with them about it and just discuss with them what it is they're trying to say, so that I know that I understand what it is that they're saying. And as long as we can understand each other, then yes. I'm not the only one who makes a decision. Okay, it's a discernment process, and so I would write a report. Now, whether or not that report
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SISTER ALLEN: That's correct. That's right.

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You might have heard, sister, the evidence of MR FREE: Dr Robinson yesterday on this topic. She expressed the

view that it was good practice to have this kind of psychological assessment carried out externally rather than internally, and she suggested two reasons for that. One might be that there might be limits to the expertise within the organisation. The second was that there might be some pressure, whether conscious or unconscious, to accept candidates, and internally you might be more susceptible to that pressure.

Do you have a response to that in terms of your own practices?

SISTER ALLEN: I do, and that is if someone were wanting to enter into the seminary, and I would not perceive that he would be appropriate for entering the seminary, I certainly would not want him to be there. And so I don't think that that would colour my viewpoint at all, because if he were to come in and he's not really applicable or he's not appropriate to enter, then he would be miserable and we would be miserable, so that's the last thing we would want. So I don't believe that that is an issue.

We are also in the process of talking with another psychologist, who might be involved in the future with the assessments, from outside of the seminary, and, besides that, there are a number of seminarians who come in from different dioceses, including Canberra Goulburn, Broken Bay and Wollongong, amongst others, and so they do testing in their own seminaries, and then we receive the testing that they have done. Based on my assessment of whether or not the assessments that we receive are complete or not, or are lacking, then I might do some additional testing, but it's not always necessary.

MR FREE: So if you're receiving a candidate from one of those dioceses, they do the initial psychological assessment themselves?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes, yes, yes.

MR FREE: And it's a matter of your own assessment about whether anything further is required?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes.

MR FREE: Thank you, sister. What about the expertise element of what Dr Robinson said? She was, in particular,

suggesting that there are benefits to having a team of external experts who bring different specialties to the task as opposed to having a single person conduct it. Do you have a view about that?

SISTER ALLEN: Well, as I said before, we do have medical reports that are already available to us and dental records and other - the vocation director has also already had an assessment. Our rector assesses them and then I do. And if they come from another diocese, then they are also assessed. So we do have a multifaceted system, although I am the psychologist and the buck stops here in that regard. But, again, as I said, those who are making the

determinations of whether or not the candidate is appropriate - that's above my level.

1617 MR FREE: Thank you.

 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Sister, as I understand it, you have said to us that in your sexuality psychological testing the Vatican requires you to have specific regard to whether homosexual tendencies are present. Does the Vatican lay a requirement on you to pay specific attention to whether a candidate has a sexual interest in children?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes. That question is always involved. We ask whether to children, to adolescents, to someone of the same sex, males, females - we ask all of those questions.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Is that a requirement from the Vatican or just one you pursue?

SISTER ALLEN: Well, that's one that those of us who work together internationally, in terms of setting up the assessments - that's from us, but I'm sure also that the Vatican would be desirous of that.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: That doesn't answer the question fully for me. As I understand it, the Vatican is specific that you must test for homosexual tendencies, but the Vatican is silent in that same way on testing for children?

SISTER ALLEN: Well, I'm not so sure about they're silent on that, because they do have a Pontifical Commission for the Protection of Children, and I have spoken with them or communicated with them and asked them also if they have any documents on this situation of child abuse, and they don't

That's my understanding of what you

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: They're not concerned about heterosexual candidates with an interest in young boys or young girls?

SISTER ALLEN: They are. They are very concerned about that.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And that's an explicit instruction to you?

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SISTER ALLEN: To me, not directly. 1 But it's explicit in 2 There is a document in the United States the documents. 3 that the United States Bishops Conference has put out in terms of the role of psychology in the seminaries, and that 4 5 is in there as absolutely something that needs to be 6 assessed. 8 JUSTICE COATE: Sister, I'm just trying to understand -9

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the 2005 direction from the Vatican with respect to the protection of children, is that theologically based or psychologically based?

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Which document are you referring to now? SISTER ALLEN:

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JUSTICE COATE: The direction that you're referring to, as I understand it, the distinction between same-sex attraction and deep-seated homosexual attraction in terms of the screening process and the screening out of those who identify as having a deep-seated, using the language that you have used, homosexual attraction.

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SISTER ALLEN: Yes.

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JUSTICE COATE: So is the screening out of those people based in a theological position or in psychology?

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SISTER ALLEN: Yes. It's in both.

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JUSTICE COATE: Sorry?

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SISTER ALLEN: It's in both.

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JUSTICE COATE: So what's the psychological theory that underpins it?

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SISTER ALLEN: Well, this is where the theological and psychological relate with one another, and it's in the document and it's in the paper that I wrote also in regard to natural law, and it gets quite complex, but it has to do with what the laws of nature are and how the human person needs to follow the laws that God has embedded within us. According to these natural laws, we have a human body, the masculine, or the male, body and the female body, and according to, also, other deeper theological principles based on - may I have a copy of the document and I can tell you more specifically, because it becomes quite complex.

1 2	MR FREE: It's in tab 29, if we could have that up, in the hearing bundle. There should be a copy come up on the
3	screen in a moment.
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5	SISTER ALLEN: If I could have a paper copy, I would
6	appreciate it.
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8	MR FREE: Yes.
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10	SISTER ALLEN: Because I can look down it more quickly
11	than if I see it on there. Thank you very much. There are
12	different dimensions. Please let me know how far you would
13	like me to go into this.
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15	All right. I'm sorry, this is only the skeleton.
16	This is not the document that I wrote.
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18	MR FREE: We'll find you the longer document.
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20	JUSTICE COATE: I'm happy to come back to it.
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22	SISTER ALLEN: Yes. I'm glad to respond, but I need the
23	information.
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25	MR FREE: Over morning tea, sister, we'll work out the
26	full document that you need and come back to it.
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28	SISTER ALLEN: Thank you.
29	, and the second se
30	MR FREE: Father Kelly, can I turn to you, please, and
31	just on this topic of psychological assessment, can you
32	indicate to the Commissioners, please, where in your
33	process of candidates for the Jesuits psychological testing
34	is carried out?
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36	FATHER KELLY: That testing is carried out after the
37	person has been through a candidacy and is then intending
38	to apply, and then there are a number of interviews with
39	the psychological testing, and that's done externally and
40	it's a comprehensive, five-hour testing. So that happens
41	right at the start of the process.
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43	MR FREE: So it's after their period of candidacy and
44	before entering the novitiate?
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46	FATHER KELLY: Yes. So once you've applied and you've
47	been accepted - or once you've applied, then you would be

put in this - you would go through these interviews and testing.

MR FREE: Thank you. At the same time, there are other examiners conducting interviews and preparing --

FATHER KELLY: There are three other examiners, all of whom are Jesuits, and they're fully formed. The first examiner, which follows the psychological one - he usually has a background in psychology as well and he will ask questions in similar areas. Then he also deals with whether there are any impediments. He asks those questions around, "Is there any criminality? Is there any abuse?" So he will also question on those.

Then the second examiner will check out more about the person, the family history, relationships, and that. Then the third examiner will check for the academic suitability, I guess, of the person.

MR FREE: So is sexuality a topic covered by more than one of those examiners?

FATHER KELLY: Yes. By the - no. Sexuality is covered by the psychologist and also by the first examiner. But if things come up, they will be asked questions. Yes, generally in the domain of those two.

MR FREE: Do you know what the practice is or the expectation is of those examiners regarding this question of trying to identify deep-seated homosexual tendencies?

FATHER KELLY: Yes.

MR FREE: Is it a topic that's raised?

 FATHER KELLY: Oh, yes, it's investigated by the psychologist, yes, he asks that. Because one thing is that - I mean, whether you're heterosexual or homosexual, you still have to live the vows and live under the vows, and we like to see, in candidacy, that the person will actually show evidence of being able to do that comfortably in that period, because they also will live in community. It could be that they could form strong attachments and detachments, so that affects the community life as well and trying to make for harmony in community. So I think it really does need to be explored, this degree and the

3 4 5 6	MR FREE: Do you also ask the candidates whether they've been involved in seminary training or in any other religious education process?
7 8	FATHER KELLY: Yes, yes, that happens.
9	MR FREE: What happens if they tell you that they have?
11 12 13 14 15	FATHER KELLY: If they tell us that they have, we usually ask them and we usually inquire of the seminary, the rectors and the people, what has happened and why this change and move; what's behind it?
16 17	MR FREE: There's no database, is there, that allows you to independently check?
18 19 20	FATHER KELLY: Not that I'm aware of, no.
21 22 23 24 25 26	MR FREE: Are you aware of a database in the United Kingdom that allows that to happen? The Commission has received evidence suggesting that within the United Kingdom they have a database that allows institutes and seminaries to check whether someone has been a candidate elsewhere.
27 28	FATHER KELLY: Right.
29 30	MR FREE: You're not aware of that?
31 32	FATHER KELLY: No.
33 34 35	MR FREE: Is that something that you think would assist you in assessing candidates?
36 37 38	FATHER KELLY: Certainly, those that have been involved in other formation, yes.
39 40 41 42	MR FREE: Thank you. Father Thompson, can I turn to you, please. What's the practice at your college in terms of psychological assessment?
42 43 44 45 46 47	FATHER THOMPSON: If we have serious doubts about the suitability of an applicant, we always insist on the psychological assessment to be done before they come to the seminary. But for the most part, we have it done in the first year, usually in the first six months after they come

management of one's sexual identity and orientation.

1 to the seminary. 2 3 Our first year is very much a probationary year. From those from country areas 4 There's a number of reasons. and those from other countries, certainly it's very hard to 5 6 have the adequate psychological tester to be found. 7 8 Secondly, once we've got to know the men a little bit, we can also direct the psychologist to look out for certain 9 things that we might sort of have already noticed. 10 11 So that's the policy. 12 We have a psychologist resident 13 He is a Catholic. He is a convert to the Catholic faith, but he has also, in his past life, served 14 15 as a Uniting Church minister, so he does have some understanding of the needs and the challenges of those in 16 17 ministry. 18 19 MR FREE: He is with Centacare, is he? 20 21 FATHER THOMPSON: That's right, yes. 22 23 MR FREE: Just to clarify, is it the case that all of the 24 candidates will receive a psychological assessment, but it just may differ as to whether it occurs before they come 25 in --26 27 28 FATHER THOMPSON: That's right. 29 What is done with the outcome of the 30 MR FREE: 31 psychological testing? Is a report produced? 32 33 FATHER THOMPSON: Yes. The candidate must, of course, 34 sign a release, if you like. The very nature of a psychological test is that it's between the candidate and 35 the psychologist. So he signs a document allowing it to go 36 37 to the rector and to his bishop and to the vice rector. 39 40

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Is that report essentially for the purposes of deciding whether or not the seminarian should continue in the seminary?

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46 47 FATHER THOMPSON: I tend to use it more as a tool of formation. Certainly if something comes up that we weren't aware of, then we would perhaps look for more information and we may even take steps to ask the candidate to leave, if there was something we thought serious enough.

But it's a tool of formation. The psychological test brings out things that we haven't known, or perhaps even were unknown to the candidate himself. We allow the candidate to see the report. Other seminaries don't do that, or some of them don't anyway. And so we can discuss it and perhaps point in directions where perhaps some defect can be worked on and, in some way, there could be some healing process.

MR FREE: Do you have any involvement in designing the type of psychological assessment that occurs or do you just leave that up to the psychologist?

FATHER THOMPSON: I leave that to the psychologist, I've got to admit. I know very little about psychology. The psychologists - there was an occasion a couple of years back when the various psychologists who do the testing in the seminaries met together for a two- or three-day meeting, in Melbourne I think it was, and they were able to kind of share among themselves what they did and what they thought was necessary, and so forth. So there has been some sharing from that point of view. I'm in no position to sort of dictate what kind of psychological tests.

COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: Sure, but can I ask this question: you've been rector of Wagga Wagga diocese seminary for some time?

FATHER THOMPSON: Fourteen years.

COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: And during that time, there has been a great deal of learning about characteristics of priests, religious, who go on to offend?

FATHER THOMPSON: Yes, yes.

COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: So in what way, over those 14 years, have you identified characteristics that you would be more aware of today, that would be troubling to you, more than they would have been 14 years ago? So what's the learning? You say you don't have knowledge of psychology, but you've been rector of this facility during a period of enormous learning and revelation, so what would be the characteristics that would concern you today in a young man entering the seminary that may not have concerned you some time ago?

COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: With regard to sexuality. relationships, clericalism, those factors which have been identified that are a context for abuse.

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FATHER THOMPSON: Right, certainly a young man who was not able to understand or live by the ordinary boundaries that are laid down in the documents of the Church, that would be Someone who tended to form small groups, someone who could not mix widely with the larger community, who would tend to form some kind of clique, if that's the word - that would be one thing that I would look for. general signs of lack of self-confidence in the activities of a young man - that would be something I'd be concerned about.

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28 29 COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: Has there been a more formal understanding amongst seminary leaders about the characteristics that have now been identified in priests and religious that may give rise to later aberrant behaviour, be it boundary violations with adults, be they men or women, or children - is there now a clear understanding of those characteristics that were present previously and could be present today in candidates going forward, or is this something that each rector and each seminary comes to a different view about, informed by their own personal experiences, or is it based on some sort of agreed research evidence and forward-looking approach?

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FATHER THOMPSON: I guess it's - well, we talk among My conviction is that priests, seminarians that ourselves. were to offend in this way - it's not kind of an isolated thing. You don't find a good holy priest, who says his prayers, and so forth, offending in this area.

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If there is a kind of a general lack of discipline, a lack of prayer life, a lack of seeming commitment to what the priesthood is all about, that would kind of be a danger sign.

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The one great change that has come into seminary formation since John Paul II's Pastores dabo vobis is the emphasis on human formation. Human formation is seen as the foundation of all other aspects of formation. If a man is deficient in human relations, in his social balance, his

psychological balance, unable to make friends or even lacks the ordinary courtesy or good manners and so forth, he can't really build on - he hasn't got the foundation to build what's necessary for the priesthood. And there will be deficiencies in all kinds of things and there will be a danger there, I think, that he will offend in more ways than one, including the protection of children.

COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: But your starting premise, father, is that holiness as indicated by devotion, prayerfulness and attendance to the rigours of the life of worship - you believe that that premise would preclude a person from in fact offending in the way that we've described?

FATHER THOMPSON: Human persons always have their freedom and no-one can infallibly predict that someone is not going to offend. But there is a saying that holiness depends on wholeness, and it's sometimes very hard to know the difference. The human virtues, the balanced person - it flows into his prayer life, into his devotion to his duty, and so forth.

COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: Yet the evidence would indicate that there are many perpetrators, both within the Catholic and other faiths, who ostensibly were extraordinarily prayerful and devoted - indeed, in some of the monasteries, they were attentive to their daily requirements to a T, and yet in some of those monasteries we have very high rates of abuse. And similarly in the perpetrators that have been reported to the Commission through private sessions, many of those have been regarded as extraordinarily dutiful priests in prayer life and in pastoral life, and yet they offended egregiously. Therefore, what would be the evidence that would suggest that?

FATHER THOMPSON: I would think, to a large extent, the impression that they are loyal or that they are conscientious to their prayer life, and so forth, might be just an appearance. I can't see that a man who is seriously coming before the Lord every day in prayer would do something so much against the law of God, both in the area of chastity and in the area of harming children, to abuse.

THE CHAIR: Father, that sounds like an act of faith, not based on true knowledge.

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FATHER THOMPSON: It is an act of faith, but I think we can act on faith. I'm not ruling it out. I know --

THE CHAIR: I mean it's just your belief as opposed to having an evidentiary foundation. I don't know whether you heard the evidence yesterday of priests who go to confession and confess and then go away and abuse again, and again - did you hear that evidence?

FATHER THOMPSON: My impression is that priests who abuse don't go to confession.

THE CHAIR: We had evidence to the contrary yesterday.

FATHER THOMPSON: I'm surprised to hear that.

THE CHAIR: We all need to look at the evidence, though, I think.

MR FREE: Sister, I think there was something you wanted to say?

SISTER ALLEN: I think over the past few years there has been a lot of research done. For example, Dr Marshall, William Marshall, has done a great deal of pulling together statistics from abusers and of signs and symptoms that others have observed in that regard. They've been perpetrators. For example, there was a lack of emotional maturity and an identification with the age of the child or adolescent - of the child that they were abusing or grooming. For example, grooming behaviour. Past sexual abuse is a big one. Narcissism is a big one. Boundary violations, isolation, a lack of good peer relationships all of those things - and poor social skills.

I think obviously they're what we call sociopathy of dishonesty and these cognitive distortions. I mean, that's all true, and I think a lot of it has to do with character formation and lack of character formation, and so if they're not honest and transparent in terms of who they are and respecting the dignity of others, if any of these are evident, then I think you have a number of red flags there.

THE CHAIR: Yes, you and the father might have a chat about those matters. You understand what is being said. There is a lot of evidence that can perhaps inform the

1 2	decision-making in this space.
3 4	FATHER THOMPSON: Thank you, your Honour.
5	THE CHAIR: We'll take the morning adjournment.
6 7	SHORT ADJOURNMENT
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	MR FREE: Father Thompson, I was asking you before the morning tea adjournment about the psychological assessment that occurs at the start of the process, that is, when a candidate is presenting to the seminary or in their first year. I want to ask you about the end of the process, when the person has completed their studies and they're being presented or considered for ordination.
17 18 19	At the moment, as I understand it, there is no additional round of psychological testing at that stage; is that right?
20 21 22 23 24	FATHER THOMPSON: Up till this year there hasn't been, but we have introduced a procedure that there will be a psychological test for each man before he is considered for major orders, that is for diaconate.
25 26 27 28 29 30	There are often cases where individual students are referred to a psychologist and a report is made, but usually there's some reason in the student's conduct or some recommendation from some other professional that he undergo another test.
31 32 33	MR FREE: But as of this year, you're going to make that standard for all?
34 35 36 37	FATHER THOMPSON: That's right, from this year, all candidates, before they are considered for diaconate, will undergo a psychological test.
38 39	MR FREE: What has prompted the change?
40 41 42 43 44	FATHER THOMPSON: Experience, I suppose, that by the time they get to their seventh year, their original psychological test is a long way away.

MR FREE: Thank you. Father Hogan, can I turn to you, please, and ask you about the practices at the Holy Spirit Seminary. Now, you also conduct psychological assessment

1	of candidates during their first year; is that right?
2 3	FATHER HOGAN: Before they arrive at the seminary, yes.
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5 6	MR FREE: Who conducts the assessment?
7	FATHER HOGAN: At the moment it has been - I can't
8	remember her name now - she's in Parramatta. She's an
9	independent clinical psychologist, who also works at the
10	tribunal. Sorry, Mrs Paula Kerr. She's been doing them.
11	
12	MR FREE: And what about at the end of the process,
13	father, at the end of seminary formation and when
14	a candidate is presenting for ordination, is there any
15 16	further psychological assessment?
17	FATHER HOGAN: No.
18	TATILIT HOOAN. NO.
19	MR FREE: I think you've indicated in your statement that
20	your own attitude to that is that all major psychological
21	defects would have been identified and treatment received
22	well before then. Is that the position?
23	·
24	FATHER HOGAN: Hopefully that will be the case.
25	
26	MR FREE: Do you have any response to the position that
27	Father Thompson is describing that Wagga is now going to
28	take, that they'll conduct a further round of assessments
29	because six or seven years will have passed since the
30 31	earlier round?
32	FATHER HOGAN: Surely. I'd like to know what happens at
33	Wagga and how successful that is, also to discuss it with
34	other seminary rectors. We meet every year and we do share
35	an awful lot about procedures and best practices.
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37	MR FREE: But that particular issue is not something
38	that's required or dictated by any national guidelines?
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40	FATHER HOGAN: No, not that I know of.
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42	MR FREE: So it's a matter for the individual rector and
43	the bishop; is that right?
44 45	FATHER HOGAN: That's correct.
45 46	TATILIN HOUAN. THAT S COLLECT.
47	MR FREE: Dr Leary, can I ask you, are you familiar with
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of candidates during their first year; is that right?

what psychological screening the Franciscans undertake for candidates?

DR LEARY: Yes. Up until now, and I would imagine it would continue in this vein, we would outsource the psychological assessment, and the last one that we did for somebody in initial formation was by the Vitality group. We would see the separation of the two as being formation and psychological assessment, although there would be a conversation that occurs, a dialogue that occurs, between the assessors, the candidate and the formators. Even though we would see that as being a necessary part of it, there also needs to be a separation of roles, we would believe to be the case.

There are probably some fundamental differences in the way that we would approach it, I think, and can I start by saying that in the next 12 months, or during the next 12 months, we'll be initiating a fairly solid review of formational processes that our provincial has indicated to me we should begin fairly soon. We've also initiated a substantial review of professional practices and professional services around formation and ongoing formation and ongoing development of people within the Franciscans. All of that is about trying to bring us up to speed with best practice in the area.

Within the context of academic freedom, I would probably differ quite significantly from what has been said by other panellists this morning. I wouldn't have - and I'm speaking as me now rather than in an official capacity with the Franciscans - I wouldn't have perhaps as much faith - perhaps I'm misreading this - but as much faith in the psychological assessment process as perhaps other panellists might have.

I think there need to be other structures in place that would nurture the person through a process over an extended period of time that engages them with an observational process so that people observe behaviour, observe relationships, observe engagement, over a period of time, which, in a sense, I would see as being far more telling and conclusive, if that's at all possible, than a snapshot psychological assessment.

I would probably agree with some of the points raised by Dr Ranson yesterday in terms of the limited value of

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this sort of a process. It's not without value and it's an important part of an assessment process, but it's got some limitations to it, and I think at times, through a lack of knowledge or a lack of understanding within the formation group, people place way too much emphasis or way too much faith in that as a process. I'm not suggesting that What I'm suggesting is that the Sister Lydia does that. formation structure at times, I suspect, places far too much emphasis on the value of that as an indication of what might be okay or not okay.

Can I ask you to elaborate a little on what you MR FREE: would suggest are other structures that ought to be in place to achieve the objectives you've described?

DR LEARY: We're probably going into the area of a whole David Ranson and I - Dr Ranson and of structure change. I would probably agree on many of the points.

I think the starting point has to be - and stop me if I'm going into territory that you don't want me to  $\dot{g}o$  into, but I think the starting point has to be not so much one of protecting or isolating or cocooning the candidate, which may not be the intention of the seminary structure but can at times end up being the outcome, but, rather, exposing in a guided way the candidate to a whole range of thoughts and ideas and experiences that then they can reflect on. then become, in a sense, the primary formator. They become the person who engages wholly, fully, in a transparent type of discernment.

If you don't place the emphasis on the candidate being the primary formator, the primary assessor, the primary discerner, then there is a risk that we end up with a form of clericalism again where we have candidates who do what they are required to do in order to pass certain points in the process.

I think my reflection on some of the recent ordinands, particularly in Melbourne, that I've come across is that they've got through what Melbourne would regard as a rigorous process, but they're very closed people. They're very negative and they're very traditional and they're very - they have the potential to be very clericalist, as opposed to being a cleric.

So I think there's a number of strategies that I would

put in place. Father Kelly was talking about when a person comes into the formation process, and I think that guided reflection, guided accompaniment, while somebody is doing something else - like living independently, attending university, working part time in order to survive, doing what other people have to do, that I did when I was studying and working full time, in order to engage with the world around you and allow that world to test you out - if you have a vocation, if you have faith, if you have a vocation, regardless of what the influences are, you will make it through that process. One should not cocoon people or isolate them. Otherwise, you end up with what we have seen a number of times in the conversations between the Commissioners and witnesses, where we have this sort of silo effect happening, people within the Church thinking only within their own language and, at times, not being aware of the world around them.

When they're not aware of the world around them, they don't know a lot about what people in the world around them experience - trauma, abuse, war. I mean, we have a lot of parishes in Australia now with, for example, people from South Sudan. Are we equipping our priests and our pastoral ministers to assist people who have been through a war experience? Probably not. Do they actually know that that exists in their lives, quietly, in a hidden way, tormenting them? Probably not.

MR FREE: Are these matters that can be addressed, in your opinion, through attention to the content of what students are taught, or are you more referring to the structure of how they live and the structure of their courses?

DR LEARY: I think it needs to go beyond courses. The academic is fine. You know, we've spoken over the last couple of days about the human, the spiritual, the intellectual, the pastoral. On that score, I think in a number of seminaries there is probably too much emphasis on the intellectual and not enough on the pastoral, on the experiential. And I suspect that's partly because those in charge don't have the language to understand that that's an essential element of formation.

But where I would start - and I will probably be run out of town for saying this, but I think seminaries need to think very strongly about whether or not they exist in the model in which they exist at the moment. If I was crafting

 the development of a formation program, I would start by saying that the domicile for each student - after a short period of time in intensive formation, the domicile of each of the candidates would not be in a seminary. It would be in an environment where they received mentoring from another priest; where they were engaged not in any formal role within a parish but engaged with a parochial community, learning, being observed; where people in that parish could be part of their mentoring process; where they could be exposed to the rigours of everyday life. They don't get exposed to it within a full-time seminary situation.

So I think the starting point has to be to think of a different way of framing this to get, as David Ranson mentioned yesterday - several others have mentioned it as well - beyond the Tridentine model that we've inherited and stuck to religiously. We need to think more of the environment in which these people are being formed so that their formation is rigorous and accountable and real and so they get a chance to soak up this data and make some decisions about who they want to be - who they are, who they want to be, what they want to do and whether or not this is a role that they can take on in the future.

MR FREE: Father Hogan, could I ask you your response to that suggestion, in particular, that the seminary model itself is a problem in terms of adequate formation?

FATHER HOGAN: Yes, thanks very much. In my experience first of all, it keeps getting referred to, the Tridentine model. I'm not quite sure what that is meant to encompass. If it means the old type of seminaries set up by Trent, which were in lockdown most of the time - certainly my seminary is not in lockdown any of the time. It's a very open and fluid environment and the lads there are going to the local universities, so they're mixing with lots and lots of very, very different people all day. Then they come back home. We encourage very open community living among ourselves, kind of a family atmosphere, because there's not that many people in it. So it's an environment where they all get on pretty well together and they are able to relate socially and interpersonally with one another.

Also, throughout the seminary formation, they are involved in various different types of pastoral work,

 depending on what year they are in. Again, they have a tremendous exposure to the world, ordinary people that they're working with, and they're under the supervision of non-clerics and they're involved with various different diocesan agencies. So generally they're also under the supervision of women and we continually get feedback from those supervisors. They're also involved in parishes later on in their formation.

So we provide a place which is pretty open and a program which does immerse them into the world significantly, very, very different from the Tridentine model. So I'd hate to confuse the kind of place where they live, if they're all living together, suddenly it's the Tridentine model, with what goes on nowadays. I'd have to say, no, that's not the case. We're far healthier in our seminary provision than previously.

MR FREE: Thank you. Can I ask you about the content of the formation program in your seminary. Who's responsible for designing it?

FATHER HOGAN: There's a faculty. There's myself as the rector, the one in charge, and we have the vice rector, who stands in for me but works very much alongside me. Then there's the dean of studies, the spiritual director and the pastoral director. We meet every month to formulate what we're doing and how we're going to do it.

Now, a substantial part of formation from year 2 onwards is full-time academic work. They go to do a philosophy degree and then a theology degree at outside colleges.

Then there is the internal programming and the supervisory tasks that I need to take on board to make sure that everybody is living as well as they can. We have a massive emphasis on flourishing and we try to help them in all areas of life so that they can have complete wellbeing.

MR FREE: So is it the case that, as I understand it, there's guidance from the Ratio Fundamentalis, which is issued by the Vatican and which gives general guidance as to formation principles - is that right?

FATHER HOGAN: That's right, yes.

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MR FREE: That's most recently a 2016 document?

FATHER HOGAN: Yes.

MR FREE: And then there is a national document issued by the Bishops Conference; is that right?

**FATHER HOGAN:** That's correct, yes.

MR FREE: But within those principles, it's then up to you at the seminary level to formulate your own curriculum?

**FATHER HOGAN:** That's correct, yes.

MR FREE: Thank you. Is there such a thing as a statement of educational outcomes or principles at a national level that guide you?

FATHER HOGAN: Not really, no.

MR FREE: Is it something that you think would assist you in designing programs?

FATHER HOGAN: I'm sure it would be very, very helpful, now that you mention it, yes.

MR FREE: Can I just pause there and ask the other panellists, firstly, Father Thompson. Do you have a view on this issue that Dr Leary has raised about whether the seminary structure itself is incompatible with healthy formation?

FATHER THOMPSON: I disagree with it. I think the seminary structure - I agree with Father Hogan that it is a mistake to call the present structure Tridentine. educated in the Tridentine model, and I can assure you from experience that there is very little resemblance between the seminary that I was educated in and the seminary that I'm now the rector of.

It is open. There is an abundance of contact with Each student is out at least once a week doing some kind of pastoral work, whether it's schools, hospitals. The student regularly goes into one of the The student, halfway through his course, spends parishes. a full six months in a parish. And even while in the

In Wagga, the university is just up the road. The students know many university students. They meet people in Wagga. They're out socially at weekends and at other times with people that they've met.

So I think the seminary structure as such, true enough modified since it was first introduced by the Council of Trent, but the seminary structure is still sound.

MR FREE: Sister, do you have a view on that topic?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes, I do. I agree with father that it's very important, throughout the time of formation, to have good observation of the seminarians and to observe them as they interact with one another and then also with others outside of the seminary.

I think in terms of the model, the model that we have is where the seminarians live in different houses and we celebrate the mass and office, et cetera, together in our chapel, but otherwise they are in separate houses. to different classes in two different universities, CIS and They are together with other people all day Notre Dame. long and come back in the evenings again for evening prayer and for compline, the last prayer of the day. They are in parishes, as father was just explaining, for six months of the year in their fifth year, and during the other years they are guided through and have supervision in different situations, in schools, primary schools, secondary schools, where they are supervised by various people, men and women, laypeople, religious, priests, and so they have a great deal of feedback, and we receive all that feedback also.

 The priests who are supervising our seminarians in their parishes also have a bit of training in terms of what we're looking for, what they're looking for, and so they give us feedback as well.

So it's a very open system. It is obviously typical for the seminarians at the end of the year to get a bit stir crazy, where it feels like it's too close, but that has to do with the exams and the - but we also talk about that. We talk about how - I mean, those are all issues for formation and that's why it's so good to see them, how they

respond with one another: if they're frustrated, what is their frustration tolerance level; if they're being rigid, what that rigidity is - we talk about it and discuss it We talk about how they can be charitable, and if they're not charitable, what they need to work on within So it's a constant year's program of formation, and it's very valuable. We would lose out a lot if they were out on their own or with other people, so that we weren't able to supervise them, then, or observe them and help them to grow personally.

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COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: Many of the other faith-based organisations, institutions, don't have that model, and why is this particular model beneficial, vis-à-vis a more open model, one in which it's more integrated into the community in terms of living and working? What is the evidence that this model produces anything different, better, for this faith, given that most others do not have this model and, in fact, would steer well clear of this model? So what is it, what's the demonstrable evidence that this model is a preferred model, other than it's the tradition of the Church in many parts of the world?

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SISTER ALLEN: I think it would be good to do a bit of statistical analysis, and I can't answer your question because I'm not a statistician or a researcher in that I think it would be well worth taking a look at I think that's a good idea, to do some research on that. We find it valuable. We find it a help for the seminarians. It doesn't mean that another model is bad or All I'm saying is that, in my experience, our model is working well.

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COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: But on what basis do you come to that conclusion? We've already heard from Father Michael Whelan, we've heard form the vicar general of Broken Bay, several priests, all of whom have indicated radical change to the seminary model is required. You would be aware, as I and others have heard throughout the Royal Commission and generally, that many people believe the seminary model even today has still profound weaknesses in it, and yet I don't hear any learnings about that?

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SISTER ALLEN: I think it would be good if you could tell me exactly what weaknesses you're talking about.

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COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: I think Dr Leary has just

indicated some of those, and one of those was the experiential nature of and the exposure to a broader community and an integration with that community, and I notice Father Kelly is nodding as well. That doesn't seem a remarkable proposition to somebody sitting on the outside, given what we've heard. The vast majority of those that were perpetrators came through fairly well-disciplined seminaries, to use father's term.

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SISTER ALLEN: But you're talking about seminaries there that were very different, 20, 30, 40 years ago.

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COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: Are they?

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SISTER ALLEN: Yes. I mean, all I can speak from it my experience in our seminary and with the seminaries that I know in the United States.

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COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: There has also been the view that the current seminaries, particularly those referenced today, have in fact been producing men for ordination that have re-embraced a notion of clericalism, a notion of separateness from their faithful, a notion of dressing up, as they now do. All of that, to the outsider, looks as though there's a reversion back to a model, and yet, on the other hand, the Royal Commission has had ample evidence that all of those factors were present in, as a contextual setting if not a causal setting, some of the greatest atrocities that we've seen.

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36 37 SISTER ALLEN: What you're talking about - there are two levels to what you're describing. One level is the overt, the outside, what you see, and it's true that if somebody is hiding in that - in the clerical garb and all of that, in terms of that form of a rigidity in celebrating the mass, then there's a problem in that. I would absolutely agree with that, and that is what will develop into or is already a form of clericalism.

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What I look at and what we look at is what is the interior life of this individual? And I'm not talking only about the spiritual. But what is the psychological wholeness of this individual? And if they are psychologically whole, there is, in itself, nothing wrong with a Latin mass or with wearing clerical garb, depending on the situation and the understanding of the people with whom they are working and for whom they are celebrating the

But what's important is the interior life. mass.

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COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: Except what one does in the way in which one dresses and practices sends an external message. Of course it does. It must.

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SISTER ALLEN: Yes.

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COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: I'm not going to criticise the Latin mass, nor, in fact, the robes. To do that would be to attack many, and even in the legal profession. it not true that there is a concern within the Catholic Church now that some of the seminaries around the world and in Australia are at risk of in fact producing men who are rigid, who in fact are less capable of dealing with the world than would otherwise be necessary, and that some of the external issues in relation to rituals and clothing are in fact sending a sense to the world and to the faithful that we are in fact very different, very special - again one of those issues that have been canvassed in the last Is there not a danger that that sort of week or so? approach, whilst the internals are important, externally we're sending a very unusual message at a time when the evidence is that some of those trappings were in fact contributing factors to abuse, either of adults or in fact of children?

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30 31 SISTER ALLEN: Yes, I would say you can't - it would be very unwise to throw the baby out with the bath water. So I think you're right in the sense of it can hide that; it gives the sense to people that there is somebody here who is special and different, yes.

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At the same time, what is important is how the priest or how the seminarian will work with that, and if they realise this is not a situation when it's appropriate to be dressed this way or to be doing this, and if they are beginning to be exclusive in forming relationships, then that is a major problem. But you could have someone who is celebrating - and there are many priests who celebrate mass as we know it in the vernacular and who have problems with abusing women or children, or even boys - boys or girls, adolescents. So it's not necessarily what that person is wearing but it's who that person is.

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THE CHAIR: Sister, you're focusing on the particular. What the Commissioner was endeavouring to open up was

a discussion that reflects a lot of what we've heard, and that is that although you may be concerned about the particular, when some religious and priests dress up and appear to put themselves on a pedestal in any situation, then that carries over to the perception of the layperson of that person in other situations. Do you understand?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes, I agree with you.

THE CHAIR: So it's those other situations where the danger arises. The danger doesn't arise in the course of the formal ceremony of the Church --

SISTER ALLEN: It has. I have to say it has, in the sacristy, for example, yes.

THE CHAIR: It has, but it doesn't happen when everyone else is in Church praying together with the priest - hopefully. Nevertheless, it's the perception that comes from all of those trappings and processes that then builds the picture of the significant and separated priest, respected - and you probably heard me say this earlier in the week over and over again - respected by the mother in the family, to the point where she wouldn't even believe her own child.

SISTER ALLEN: Yes, I know, that has happened.

 THE CHAIR: So it's not just the particular dressing for the occasion; there's a whole story here which, unless you understand the whole story, perhaps you miss where the problems might be. Do you understand?

SISTER ALLEN: Oh, I absolutely understand. That's my point: the formation of the seminarians who become priests is so important so that they do not abuse others, they do not view others as objects, as they go into families, whatever they're doing - because they're always a public personality and a public person.

THE CHAIR: You're looking at it there from the point of view of the priest. What I'm trying to do is to open up a discussion which looks at the other side, and that is how does the laity see the priest? What is it that the priest may be doing that has created this perception, which we've called clericalism, which in fact has opened the door in so many families to catastrophic abuse?

COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: I am just wondering whether

Father Kelly, who has come through a very different

SISTER ALLEN:

Not that I'm aware of, at least.

No.

 formation training, has a view about this? And I just want to make the point that all of those represented here today represent parts of the Church where there has been abuse, so there is no part of the Church that is represented here today that has not had some abuse within it. I just want to see if Father Kelly's experience is very different?

FATHER KELLY: Yes. We don't have that dress-up. We certainly don't go in for entitlement. So our mode is to try to fit in with the community that we're living in and to adapt our dress to that.

But when, say, for example, I have the novices go out on ministry, or something, I might get them to wear a little lapel, such as I'm wearing now. So that - yes, I think - I don't think we've ever faced an issue about clericalism in terms of habit. I think we've always adapted to the place and culture of the time.

So, for example, if you went to the United States today, the Jesuits there, it seems to be standard, just wear a collar, and that would be - you would fit in with that. So I don't think that the dress really does matter, unless you're using it for sort of some kind of power play in a relationship.

I think of our Pope. You know, he doesn't wear trappings, and he's a Jesuit. So he's really trying to keep it focused on, this is about trying to live out gospel values. That's foremost. And being of service to people and being a church that reaches out to all people and not just to certain ones that you might be comfortable with.

So I think to come out of the habit and to stand almost naked in different communities of people is very important, to help define who you are and what you're on about and what's important.

COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: Can I move from the clothing, which wasn't really the focus. It was really about the fact that you indicated in the 12 years of training, or whatever it is, there's a very high percentage of that spent within the community in different ministries, in different activities.

FATHER KELLY: Yes.

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COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: I was wondering, from your observation, whether or not there are discernible learnings from the way in which the Jesuits train and formate their priests as distinct to the ways of diocesan seminaries not necessarily the ones represented here today, but more generally?

FATHER KELLY: It's a good question. It relates partly to our charism, I think, namely, to be people who will move and go anywhere. Therefore, there's an adaptability, a flexibility, that is needed. That automatically differs, I think, from a seminary, because that may not be the case, you know, the preparation and then into the parishes, whereas ours might be quite diverse.

I'm not sure if this is getting to your guestion. I don't feel I'm in a position to comment on the seminary. That's what I guess I'm saying. But I can comment - is this engaging people and is this extensive, what's happening in formation in the seminary? That's what I guess I'm wondering.

What I think with the Jesuit formation, where that differs, is that it puts a person in a lot of different communities and situations, and there's a whole process behind that. It's a bit like what David was saying, that there's a whole process behind that of reflection, of discussion, of assessment that takes place while you're going through that.

Like, for example, the novitiate - if I can say the novitiate moved from an institution, a fairly big building in Pymble; it moved to Western Sydney, to a parish and into the houses, as I mentioned. So what were we thinking? What were we on about? It was about, I think, a formation that combined two things - hermitage and also what I call apprenticeship, so being part of a Jesuit community that was active, working in that area, so that these people were modelling how you were relating to this very multicultural community and you were picking up that.

I think with the seminary, I sense there has to be some space where a person learns to grow in their relationship with God, so a person learns to pray, but the prayer is not just recitation, it seems to me, or going through rituals only. The prayer is actually what's going on in your heart, what's stirring you, what's moving you.

And you have that from the various experiences that you encounter.

I don't think it has to be complex. That, for me, is like helping with spiritual formation. Every Jesuit has a spiritual director whom they see monthly, and every Jesuit will - we start right from the beginning. Every week I call the guys together for three hours and we talk about the week. "What has happened in your week?" It ranges from many very different things and experiences. This I think is helpful for growth and mutual sharing and support of one another and trust and transparency. Those kinds of things I think are important.

But I sense with the seminary that being in the institution, if you like, is about trying to foster that hermitage prayer life, I think, from which you can move out. But the Jesuit charism says you do both ends. That's what the Jesuit charism says.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Father Kelly, earlier Sister Allen asked what weaknesses we should identify, and two weaknesses were identified in formation by Dr Leary. One was the experiential and the other was the pastoral, that there's insufficient development or attention, as a general observation, on those two.

You've dealt, in your riposte to us, with the experiential. I'd like your observations on the pastoral. The Royal Commission is required not just to examine child sexual abuse, secular and religious, but the institutional response to it. One of the greatest needs of victims and survivors can be broadly categorised as pastoral, and we have written extensively about that in our redress report.

If there's one common theme that comes from victims and survivors, as information in our many thousands of private sessions and in evidence at our public hearings, it is the greatest weakness of faith-based organisations, and in this case the Catholic Church, has been the pastoral response, whether it's a nun, a brother, a monk, a priest, a bishop, an archbishop or a cardinal. The same criticism applies, that the pastoral response is really poor.

Yesterday's evidence was quite interesting. An interesting point was made by Dr Robinson when she said that of all the counselling professions, priests engage in

it more than anyone else. I think the figure she used was 40 per cent. She actually used the phrase, "they are at the cutting edge of mental health". So the pastoral dimension is enormous. Now, that's one of the two weaknesses identified by Dr Leary.

FATHER KELLY: Yes, yes.

 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: What do you have to say to us about that dimension in formation, because it seems to be a fundamental need, it seems to be a fundamental role or purpose, and yet to be very, very weakly applied, in the evidence to us from victims and survivors?

FATHER KELLY: Yes, I think that's a fair comment. I would say for our men, particularly when they move out of the novitiate context, they would be under - they are under a professional pastoral care supervisor who helps them, when they go down to Melbourne and do their studies, to also engage in pastoral work, which is reflected on and supervised.

At some stage during that formation, they will do clinical pastoral education. They will do that course, and I think that's just fundamental, that that needs to happen. So that would be part of the formation as well.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: The question, though, goes not to what people do but how they do it, and victims and survivors tell us that how it's done is appalling, in many cases. There are some wonderful exceptions. But I deliberately went through that range of religious roles to indicate how widespread that problem is as reflected to us. It is a major weakness in the institutional response, and yet it is the core of, as I understand it, the Catholic and faith-based activity. So what should be done in seminaries to address that weakness in the institutional response?

 FATHER KELLY: Well, the suggestion - I would say put them with good priests who are pastorally effective and are known to be so. Give them time. That's the apprenticeship idea that I think I was mentioning. That's the main thing, I think, where they will learn how to be with people. So somebody who's recognised as being pastorally effective - utilise them, I think, in the formation.

DR LEARY: I couldn't agree more that the pastoral element is probably the area where the Church fails the greatest. I think that starts from the word go and it's the very reason why I'm suggesting that the place to do the majority of a person's formation is not in the seminary but in a pastoral setting. And I'm not suggesting that from the day they start, that you give them responsibility. On the contrary, you wouldn't give them responsibility.

I think the first test for a candidate for either religious life or the seminary or for priesthood is not a question about whether or not they're homosexual. I think it's about whether or not they're compassionate, and that's the thing that needs to be tested out. Can they actually feel what it's like to be in the shoes of the other person who is the victim, or the person who has been tortured, or the refugee, or the person who has 20 bucks left before payday on Friday? I don't think that people being formed in a seminary situation get that.

I had an experience in 2015 where a senior person in a seminary came to me shaking their head and said, "I've just had the most disgusting experience, and that was I went to a priest's first mass" - and this is 2015, and it is particular, but it's particular enough to raise concerns for me, and this is out of a modern seminary. At that first mass, one of his close friends got up and preached and, at the end of the preaching, talked about how the priest's hands were sacred and that the tradition is that when you receive the first blessing from this priest after mass, you should kiss the hands of the priest.

He went on to say that there was a woman who came up to receive a first blessing, and this newly ordained priest held out his hands to be kissed, and she folded them together, wisely.

My point is that context is everything, that if you don't get the context right, then the input, no matter what it is, whether it's psychological input or whether it's theological or philosophical, is like water off a duck's back.

It worries me immensely, some of the language we use

around the testing of people, particularly around the issue of sexuality - if we are searching for people to declare whether or not they're homosexual, then we are barking up the wrong tree, because it pathologises what today in modern psychology we would see as, well, this person is this way. Let's not pathologise it.

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And good theology will not see that person as intrinsically evil. Good theology will say, this person is made in the image and likeness of God. This person is made in the image and likeness of God, regardless of who they are or who they love or who they feel attracted to. person is made in the image and likeness of God. should not take on a position of disrespecting that. should understand that people are different, and the fact that a person is homosexual doesn't impact intrinsically on whether or not they could be a good priest or a brother or a nun, but, rather, the thing that we need to look for is the capacity for compassion and whether or not a person can actually feel what it is like to be in the shoes of the other.

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We don't do service to the Church by making the primary domicile of a candidate for priesthood the seminary, because there is too much experience that says that it isolates people out and it creates a form of silo where, regardless of whether or not they go to Notre Dame or ACU or whatever, they come back to a space where they are relating well with each other. Parishioners don't care, in some respects, whether they relate well to each other; they want to know whether this person is going to love and respect and care for them in a way that keeps good boundaries and where this person knows himself and knows that they are a gift and understands that through humble eyes.

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THE CHAIR: Doctor, if we can just turn to document 29, I think it is, in the bundle, you would be familiar with It will come up on your screen. It's the instruction from the Congregation for Catholic Education setting the criteria for the discernment of vocation. Are you familiar with it?

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DR LEARY: I am.

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It seems to be - well, it is focused on the THE CHAIR: question of homosexual people as candidates for the Church. What you've just said seems to be at odds with what's said in this document.

DR LEARY: Yes.

THE CHAIR: It is, is it? Yes. How do I reconcile, then, your thoughts with the document?

DR LEARY: Well, it's a battle you've had, will have and certainly a battle I have. My experience tells me that a person's sexuality is not relevant until the point where we discern that they don't have a mature sexuality, that they aren't emotionally mature. That's where it becomes problematic.

 Now, others have spoken about the signs we look for, whether or not they have a capacity for solid adult relationships, whether they have a capacity for intimacy, whether they have a capacity for relating over the long term to people, good friendships, friendships that are sustained over a period of time. These are far more indicative about whether or not a person has a healthy sense of self.

 I'm not a formator and I'm not in charge of initial formation and I don't make the decisions about who comes into the Franciscans, but I know that homosexuality would not be a barrier to being a Franciscan.

THE CHAIR: This document, on its first page, says that the instruction contains:

... norms concerning a specific question, made more urgent by the current situation, and that is: whether to admit to the seminary and to holy orders candidates who have deep-seated homosexual tendencies.

Now, the document speaks of "more urgent by the current situation". Was it the child sexual abuse issue that made this more urgent?

DR LEARY: I would say so. It's probably not restricted to that. A few years ago, there were - not to malign St John's College at the University of Sydney, but there were problems at St John's College and they were around the institutionalising of practices and understandings.

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I think people gathered in one place like that can produce aberrations, no matter whether the people are heterosexual or homosexual.

Again, I don't think that homosexuality is a barrier to good ministry, and I know that from personal experience. I think that if we go down that path, what we are doing is pathologising a way of being in the world, and I don't think that's good theology and it's certainly not good psychology.

I don't even understand what the notion is of I have no idea what that means, deep-seated homosexuality. and I have no idea what it means to have inclinations versus a deep-seated understanding.

Any of you can answer this, but is it the case THE CHAIR: that the Church, at least in 2005, was thinking of the sexual abuse of children as an issue connected with homosexuality?

FATHER THOMPSON: I don't think so.

THE CHAIR: What do you think this document was saying?

FATHER THOMPSON: It came from a situation especially in the United States where it was recognised that homosexuality had made deep inroads into the seminaries. It did exist also, I understand, in one Australian seminary, maybe two. This document was many years in the making, and I don't think that the - the kind of explosion of revelation about child sexual abuse had not yet happened, I think, when that document was first thought of and done.

THE CHAIR: This was 2005. I think there was a pretty good knowledge of it by then, wasn't there?

FATHER THOMPSON: I think it was in the pipeline well before 2005, probably from the year 2000. We were waiting for it for many years. We knew it was coming.

SISTER ALLEN: I think it took them 13 years to write, to complete.

Thirteen years to write this document? THE CHAIR:

SISTER ALLEN: Thirteen years to complete the document in its final form.

DR LEARY: Which shows a lot of urgency.

THE CHAIR: Well, I was trying to reconcile the statement in the document, but nevertheless no doubt someone can. How do you reconcile it as an urgent situation?

SISTER ALLEN: I think maybe perhaps that urgent situation became more and more urgent as time went on. I just know that they were working on it. They were receiving information from various places. I mean, I can't answer as to why it says "urgent" in this document, in this one.

COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: Could I just take this point. Surely what Dr Leary has just indicated must be right. The central issue has moved on from homosexuality, not completely, but to emotional and sexual maturity - isn't that the recurring theme of all the research across Australia, including that which the Commission has been exposed to? It's central to it, rather than the predisposition to be heterosexual or homosexual or, frankly, unsure, which many people seem to be when they enter seminaries. Isn't that the real learning out of what we've heard?

SISTER ALLEN: That is correct, and I wanted to say that in our assessment in the seminary, sexuality in this issue is minor in relation to the whole thing. It's not the major focus that it appears to be right now.

 DR LEARY: But it is a major focus. If what is referred to as a "deep-seated homosexuality" is a prohibitive factor in terms of priesthood, then it necessarily must be a central factor.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: It goes also to a misunderstanding of the evidence. The evidence which was well established by 1992, 13 years before 2005, was that the sexual abuse of boys and girls was as much an issue with heterosexual men and women as with homosexual men and women. And the evidence to this Royal Commission confirms that. You will notice I emphasised "and women". Our own broad statistics at present indicate one out of every ten offenders, reported to us, anyway, have been women.

 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: So this document, if it at all relates to what is the "current situation", whatever that means - it might include child sexual abuse - is based on a partial understanding of the evidence available to us. Would you concur with that view?

SISTER ALLEN: I would say that there are documents, Vatican documents, in regard to child sexual abuse. They are later than this particular one, but they do exist. I think it has taken the Church a while - I mean, this is my opinion, that it took the Church a while to work through and to come to a better understanding of herself and of what led to the hiding or lack of response, and lack of public response, to the child abuse issue. It has taken longer not only within the Church but within the world at large.

I've worked also with people who were abused in other churches and I've worked with so many who have been abused by their parents, by brothers, by other people. So this whole issue of sexual abuse has been hidden in our society and it has taken longer for us to gain a sense of consciousness where we are able to face the heinous crime that it is and to name it as such and to be able to bring those who have caused such harm to families in our society to justice. It's just within our human consciousness that - I think there was not the capacity before to name it for what it is institutionally. I'm not saying --

DR LEARY: I --

SISTER ALLEN: Please let me finish. I'm not saying individually it's - I'm not saying to recognise it as a crime. Obviously it is a crime and it always has been a crime. I'm not saying that.

DR LEARY: I think there's ample evidence, even from this Royal Commission, that we're dragging our feet in terms of understanding the significance and the importance and the reality that we face as a Church community, and I'm not convinced that we've got it at all. I'm simply not convinced that we understand it.

If we did understand it, we would think seriously about changing the structures that have led in part to the

 creation of a context out of which abuse emerges, and I don't think we've got that yet and I think we're highly resistant to getting that.

SISTER ALLEN: May I respond to something, please? Thank you. You referred earlier - and I'm just saying if a person is intrinsically evil, I would never say that; I would never dare to imply that anybody is intrinsically evil. It is absolutely true that seminarians and those working in seminaries need to respect the dignity of the person. And as you were talking about compassion, what I focus on is looking at, with the seminarians, do they know suffering in their own lives? Suffering, I think, is a very important issue because if you don't know how to suffer, if you have not suffered in your life, if you have not suffered any number of different crises, and if you're not able to work in that within yourself, then you will not be able to have compassion on anyone else.

That brings us back to the issue of criminality, of a willingness to look at oneself, to look at one's own weaknesses and be aware of one's weaknesses and strengths. Nobody will ever be emotionally mature if they do not know how to suffer and how to hold suffering with someone else, how to hold those who suffer. They're not able to identify with suffering.

MR FREE: Your Honour, I still have a bit of ground to cover. Is that a convenient time?

THE CHAIR: So we should have lunch, should we?

MR FREE: I think so, your Honour, yes.

THE CHAIR: We shall. We'll adjourn.

## **LUNCHEON ADJOURNMENT**

MR FREE: I want to raise with the panel generally, but I will begin, Father Kelly, if I could, with you, a comment which Dr Ranson made yesterday, which some of you may have heard if you heard his evidence or read the transcript.

He was speaking about the extraordinary power that priests have in being equated with God in people's eyes, particularly in the eyes of children, and the need for priests to be aware of this in the way they perceive

themselves. He posed this question, which, in a sense, is a question for this panel:

Now, the point here is, how aware are priests in their formation of this extraordinary dynamic? How is this dynamic introduced to trainee clergy? ... How are they taught to take responsibility for this dynamic? How are they taught how to continuously reflect on this dynamic in the exercise of their ministry?

Can I just ask, firstly, you, Father Kelly, your reflections on that notion?

FATHER KELLY: When they are part of the parish and they are near the primary school, et cetera, we discuss with them that relationship, and how special it is, with those children. When they go out and teach catechetics in the state schools, they go with supervisors. So we talk about that you are really there to help them to discover the love of God - that's basically how we put it to them - and you, as an adult, must be aware of all the boundaries that surround treating that little person with utmost respect and dignity.

MR FREE: Can I ask, firstly, Father Thompson whether there are aspects of formation that you see as important to try to address that kind of power dynamic that can develop?

FATHER THOMPSON: I'm not quite sure if I understood your original question. You mentioned something about children seeing the priest as God. Is that what you said?

MR FREE: Yes, and Dr Ranson's point was that that is a powerful dynamic and a dangerous dynamic that priests need to be aware of and need to manage.

FATHER THOMPSON: Yes, I don't think that's all that common from my experience, but it's something that - I mean, our future priests need to be warned of all kinds of situations, of dangers and pitfalls, and they need to be aware that that may be the case and they may even unconsciously play on it. So I guess half the problem of solving these problems is to be aware of them.

MR FREE: But are there any particular aspects of the

formation in your college that do make priests aware of that?

FATHER THOMPSON: We do a thorough course on catechetics. The students are out regularly, some of them once a week. They are supervised both by someone from the seminary, more often by one of the resident teachers in the schools.

We get reports from that. I think if there were any signs that that was the attitude they were taking, we would hear about it. Of course, they are not going as priests; they are going as students, and certainly the danger is not there. The children in the school just see them as special visiting lecturers. They may understand that they are trainee priests. But I've never heard of that. No-one has ever reported back to me that that is the way they are being treated.

MR FREE: Father Hogan, what about in your seminary - are there any particular features of the formation that you would see as helping priests in their formation to understand that dynamic and the dangers of that dynamic?

 FATHER HOGAN: Yes, we have a very substantial psychology A substantial part of that is input during year 1. developmental psychology and I teach them the dynamics of One of the aspects of childhood is that children think very concretely. They can't deal with wonderful aspects of Jesus up in heaven and stuff like They see the priest at the altar, dressed differently, and they think you're Jesus. Often parents will come up to me with the child afterwards and say, "She thinks you're Jesus." They think it's cute, but that kind of ideation only lasts for a little while because the child is continually developing and, at some point later, will move into semi-abstract and abstract thinking. seminarians certainly would be aware of the phenomenon of how children think.

MR FREE: Sister Allen?

 SISTER ALLEN: Yes, we also have a number of formation programs in place teaching professional and personal boundaries, beginning in the very first year, and then working together with the Catholic education system. They go out to Leichhardt, for example, for three days, with the CEO, and work on integrity in service of the Church. They

 are taught the integrity of ministry. Then we also have pastoral theology, et cetera, et cetera, all throughout their whole seminary training.

In terms of myself, I work with them on understanding their own psychological dynamics, and so in my classes in the first, second and third years we look at narcissism, we look at transference and countertransference issues, so that if someone is striving to develop a power relationship with a child or with anyone whom they are serving, then that is dealt with very clearly. So we have it in terms of our formation team, but I think as well as what they are taught in these different classes.

It's also an issue of assisting the seminarians to reflect on their own experience, because they will be in numerous situations throughout their training, as well as, naturally, after they have been ordained, when they will be in situations where they could take power. So they have to learn the difference between power and authority and humility and learning how to serve rather than to seek something in self-satisfaction. So we focus very much on those issues.

MR FREE: Are students in your seminary still taught that they are ontologically changed when they take ordination?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes.

MR FREE: Do you see that as a potentially dangerous notion in their self-image?

SISTER ALLEN: It could be, if they have not developed a strong sense of belonging to the people of God, and so, yes, they are ontologically changed or - there are various ways of stating that, but it also has to do with how do they understand themselves and does their ego, does their own identity, need that to be of service to the Church.

I just wanted to clarify that, because if they are in need of that ontological change, of seeing that ontological change as finding an additional identity, a priestly identity, then that's a problem. Yes, it's true that they are ontologically changed, but that does not put them on another level or a higher level than those people whom they are serving.

1 2	THE CHAIR: What does it do, in your understanding?
3 4 5 6	SISTER ALLEN: It means that they are more closely formed to Christ, that they have taken on an identity as an alter Christ, for example, when they would serve mass.
7 8 9 10	THE CHAIR: In the space we are talking about, clericalism, that creates an immediate capacity for serious distortion, doesn't it?
11 12 13	SISTER ALLEN: Again, no, it does not. In itself, it does not per se.
14	THE CHAIR: No, but the risk is there?
15 16 17 18	SISTER ALLEN: Well, the risk is there with a number of things.
19 20 21	THE CHAIR: But in this space, in that context, it is a very real risk, isn't it?
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	SISTER ALLEN: I believe - I would tend to disagree in the sense that I would say - that's why we have to form our seminarians in knowing the abuses of power and of knowing how to utilise their person as an alter Christ in their work. In other words, it's true that someone could abuse that, but it's true that someone could abuse that who has not been ordained, who is not
29 30 31 32	THE CHAIR: It was suggested to us, I think yesterday, that true ontological change occurs when anyone is baptised
33 34 35	SISTER ALLEN: That's right, that is correct.
36 37 38 39	THE CHAIR: and that the add-on that is occurring when the priest is ordained is not a correct reflection of the gospel.
40 41 42 43 44	SISTER ALLEN: I would not necessarily agree with that, but I absolutely do agree that the first and the major ontological change of all Christians is in baptism. I agree.
45 46 47	THE CHAIR: Do you accept that there is a serious issue that the Church must address with respect to clericalism?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes.

THE CHAIR: How do you say that issue presently manifests itself in the Church?

SISTER ALLEN: I think the way it manifests itself is within priests or seminarians who do not have a clear sense of their own identity as being members in the body of Christ and, in terms of their ministry, of serving the body of Christ. In other words, they are not there to - I think as Bishop Randazzo said yesterday, the pedestal is the cross, and they have to be willing to serve and not seek to be served. So clericalism - again, I'm saying, yes, it can be expressed in external manners, but the problem with clericalism exists in the heart and in the mind, and that's what my work is to address, and that's what I address in the seminary.

 THE CHAIR: You see, I presently understood it as, yes, coming from the identity given to the priest, but it's a phenomenon that operates in the minds of the laity, which has created this capacity or space within which offending priests can operate. Do you understand?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes, I understand, but I would say that ontological change does not mean perfection and it does not mean that any individual is perfect. It does not mean that they make no mistakes. I'm very grateful that the laity is becoming more and more aware of the need to develop healthy relationships with priests, with others who are serving in the Church - sisters or whomever - but that we are all human beings, we are all people, who have our weaknesses and our strengths.

THE CHAIR: Do you understand that for a devout Catholic, Catholic family, the concept of ontological change in the priest is likely, in some people at least, to set up a special way of looking and a degree of, obviously sometimes, misplaced trust?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes, I agree with you, and that is unfortunate and that's what we need to work on.

THE CHAIR: What should be done about it?

SISTER ALLEN: I do my work in the seminary to try to work against that. And we all do in our seminary; we all work

1 against that. We also have communications with laypeople, 2 with, for example, the people who are supervising 3 seminarians in the schools or in the hospitals. 4 and work with the ill in the hospitals and in homes for the 5 They do all of that, and laypeople there are very strong and very clear in saying, "We see this weakness, we 6 7 see this tendency, we see this", and then we work on it 8 with the seminarians. We're very grateful for that. 9 THE CHAIR: As you know, the extent to which there's 10 sexual abuse of children generally in society is, in 11 12 a family context, far more prevalent than in the Church 13 context. 14 15 SISTER ALLEN: Yes, and I've worked with many. 16 17 THE CHAIR: I'm sure you have. But the fundamental 18 elements are the same, aren't they: there is 19 a relationship which includes an acceptance of trust stepfather, father, grandfather, which are the three 20 21 classic problems - and access. When you set up 22 a relationship that, by definition, creates trust in the 23 priest and access that comes as a consequence of that 24 trust, you have the same fundamental dynamics operating, haven't you? 25 26 27 SISTER ALLEN: You may, yes, if the - yes, and it may be 28 abused. 29 Yes, and it's important, is it not, for the 30 THE CHAIR: 31 Church to understand that and set its mind to break down 32 the capacity for misplaced trust? 33 34 I'm sorry, I don't understand what you mean SISTER ALLEN: 35 by "capacity"? 36 37 THE CHAIR: Well, for mum to say, "Because it's a priest 38 who has taken my boy for the weekend, I don't have anything 39 to worry about." 40 41 SISTER ALLEN: I would hope that that is not happening any 42

more.

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THE CHAIR: Well, one would hope so, too, but --

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And we need to educate more and more and SISTER ALLEN: more, in families and around the world. We need to educate that that is no longer acceptable.

THE CHAIR: And the priest who puts the children to bed in the parishioner's home?

SISTER ALLEN: That is not acceptable any more, unless the parent is there with them.

THE CHAIR: Are these sorts of things being taught in your seminary?

Oh, yes. SISTER ALLEN: Oh, yes, very clearly. play with the seminarians - not that particular scene, but I role play with the seminarians on somebody is coming closer; they're not being respected in their own We have, as I mentioned before, transference or counter-transference issues, so that if a child or an adolescent, for example, would have a great deal of trust in the priest, and the priest himself may be sexually aroused by that child or adolescent, then it's his responsibility - his transference or counter-transference in relation to that child or adolescent has to be dealt So that's what we're working at in the seminary, to help them to understand their own dynamics, their own attractions, their own willingness or their - I won't use the word "innocence", but their own naivety in terms of others' trust of them.

THE CHAIR: Does anyone else want to comment on these matters?

FATHER THOMPSON: Yes. I would agree with sister. We can't, overnight, change the attitude of the people. We can work on it, but the seminarians have to be made aware that that exists and they have to be made aware that it is a danger that very often, unconsciously, subconsciously, they find themselves put on a pedestal by people and subconsciously they start misusing that power that they see they have. As I said, half the way of solving a problem is to be aware of it. Those kinds of things certainly figure largely in our human formation, our training of the seminarians now.

THE CHAIR: Anyone else?

DR LEARY: I think the real test of whether the Church is on board with change is whether or not it is prepared to

jettison theological positions or theoretical positions that not only don't help but may harm. That's the first point I would make, and I would put the notion of an ontological change in that category. For the life of me, I can't see that it is a necessary element of understanding priesthood post Vatican II.

The second strategy I think that is really important is that from day one, from cradle to grave, there need to be very clear strategies in place that engage the notion, as Charles Taylor would put it, the Canadian philosopher, that human beings are constituted in conversation, and within that conversation, there needs to be a high level of what he also calls radical reflexivity - a capacity to examine one's own experience and scrutinise one's own thinking and experience. In order to do that, there have to be concrete strategies in place.

For example, when I was working as a counsellor for the last 25, 30 years, I had a supervisor. I would see that supervisor either fortnightly or monthly, just depending on what was going on. It wasn't conditioned on me being a student or in the preliminary phase of my practice. In fact, in November, when I moved back to Sydney, I did three things straight up: I got a doctor, I got a dentist and I got a supervisor, within the first couple of weeks.

 One of your witnesses - I think it was Gerry O'Hanlon - said at the end of his evidence, "Culture eats strategy for breakfast." The strategies need to be robust and they need to be within a context that allows those strategies to work and become embedded in a new way of seeing the world. I don't think that while we hold on to ways of thinking that don't help, and may in fact do harm, we're helping that process of change.

FATHER HOGAN: I don't know an awful lot about the ontological change that takes place. I don't quite understand it philosophically. However, what I teach my seminarians is about being configured to Christ, which is a more modern way of looking at things. Baptism, yes, is the configuring to Christ as priest, prophet and king - that's who Christ is - and how the Christian then is involved in the life of Christ himself.

When it comes to ordination, the configuring as

a deacon is to the work of service, ministry; and as priest, it's configuring to Christ as head. Now, the head isn't somebody who waltzes around strutting his stuff, expecting everybody to come and adore him. Christ's headship is based on being servant and shepherd, and they are roles of self-emptying for the sake of Christ's people.

I think that makes the most sense, also to give the young lads practical applications and a practical understanding of what priesthood is about. It's about self-emptying for the sake of others. It's not about being the centre of attention, which is why we have the human formation that we do in our seminary. People have to be built up to have such a good understanding and acceptance of themselves that they are strong enough to give themselves away freely for the sake of others, that they are not holding anything back. That's the level of generosity that, in our seminary, we try to build the seminarians up to.

COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: Just following on from that, is there not a dilemma that the conversation and understanding between the lay faithful and the clergy is in fact not well articulated at all at the moment? That is, there are conversations taking place within the laity, and there are conversations taking place within the religious and clergy, but what seems to be missing is a cross-conversation that fully articulates the relationship that we seek between the faithful and the clergy and religious, one that is mutually understood and agreed.

 At the moment, are we not in danger of having these conversations, but they don't connect? So in a very practical sense, let me give you an example. What congregation in Australia would know what are the boundaries, the codes of ethics and the codes of conduct that would apply to clergy as it relates to children or to themselves? Well, the answer is, I think, none.

 The question also, going back to a point that his Honour raised, is what is the relationship that you believe is appropriate between a child and a priest in the eyes of a child? What is it that the child, a 12-year-old or a 10-year-old, is meant to think of a priest today? The danger we have is that much of the conversation in Church today is one of fear. "I can't touch the child. I can't go into the playground." A philosophy of fear about

 children seems to me to be ultimately a very destructive approach, yet the converse is what is the positive relationship that you believe the child should have with the priest in the eyes of the child and their family, and is that an articulated vision?

So the question is: do we actually know, have we an articulated vision of this relationship between child and family and priest as it exists today, or are we going down the slippery slope of a relationship based on fear, either a fear imposed by outside sources or a fear of lack of understanding of what this relationship should be?

I am open to anyone who would have a view about that, but I do think that in this last week or so there is in fact dialogue happening, but it is not connected. Maybe I'm completely wrong about that, and I was wondering if anyone might comment on that?

FATHER THOMPSON: I think there is, especially among some of the older priests, that they cannot understand what they can do and they are frightened of being accused of molesting children and they therefore withdraw. I'm aware of one priest who refuses to go into his school for that reason. That's unfortunate.

But I think generally, especially with the young priests, they are able to see the children in the context of the family. They visit the families and they are able to relate to the children in the presence of the parents. The children can see something of what - you know, the normal relations that the parents have to father, and they can see him as a friend rather than as a special kind of power figure. It will take some time, but that's the road I think we have to follow.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: I caution even on that front. In private sessions, we have been told of children who stood next to the priest whilst he sat at a kitchen table with the mother on the far side and put his hand up the girl's skirt, and she was so frightened of the God/priest relationship, she did nothing, said nothing and told no-one until she told us. And that is not a singular instance. Those accounts of being abused in the home, where the parents were, have been said quite commonly.

So I think one of the issues we might discuss here is

 whether it's right or fair for the entire onus to be on the priest or on the Church; namely, parents and children need to be educated as to risk and to danger and to the proper protection of the dignity of their persons. So a child that was well informed and had a trusting relationship with the mother, and a mother that was alert to risks, might have avoided the context we are in.

It seems to me for the entire obligation to be on the Church is a dangerous route to go. How do you react to that?

FATHER THOMPSON: My understanding is that in our schools, in all schools, children are educated about the dangers of being abused, about dangers of adults taking liberties. It is not just priests; it is all kinds of situations where they can perceive that adults are crossing boundaries. I think that would go part of the way to the goal that you are suggesting. The adults, on their part, are probably slower to learn than the children.

COMMISSIONER MILROY: Could I just ask a question related to the content involved in formation. Is there any consistent content amongst any of the seminaries about either child development, child psychology, understanding how to work with children and child safety, or is it very inconsistent across the different institutions?

FATHER THOMPSON: There is no prescribed syllabus, as far as I know, but we are in touch with each other. We know what other seminaries are doing. If we think it's good, we try to --

COMMISSIONER MILROY: Should there be a consistency around children and child development and protection of children across all seminaries?

FATHER THOMPSON: I would support that idea, yes.

FATHER KELLY: I would also support that. I think it's one thing to offer programs within a particular context, but since this is pervasive abuse, then I think it's incumbent upon, say, a diocese to provide and ensure that people are talking on the same page or from the same page. So I would be enhancing - I would be encouraging that to take place.

I have found it very helpful, in the Parramatta Diocese, to be able to send the novices to the various professional standards workshops that are offered. And now just recently, the diocese has put together eight modules, and this very day, four of my novices are doing seven hours of it. But what I'm saying - and I think it's getting to your point - is that there is a uniformity, then, there is a common understanding. So I'm not doing this bit over here and that bit there, but we're doing it collectively because it is a collective issue.

FATHER HOGAN: May I tell you what goes on in our seminary? I've already mentioned the developmental psychology unit that we do, and also a large part of that is to do with childhood psychology.

We also have our lads for the first two years doing scripture teaching in public schools, and, before they start that, they have I think six or eight Fridays of training that is not only about boundaries and things but about how you deal with children, what to understand about them and how to read them.

We have a two-day workshop at the beginning of every year from professional standards in safeguarding, and the safeguarding office provides that and also comes out for follow-up days each year. So by the end of seminary, they would be very, very, very well associated with how to deal with children not just at a professional level but at the psychology level, too.

SISTER ALLEN: We also have, every year, in-services or the seminarians go out for professional standards, so even those who have been participating in that throughout the years, and then they, as well as new ones coming in, who might come in through fourth or fifth year, participate in another four modules of professional standards with the national Professional Standards Office. So we have that.

Then during the second year, I teach psychosexual development, and during that year, in the past couple of years, we've had members of a religious community, a men's religious community, come in, and so they've come in and they've participated in that class weekly and have learned how to take a look at these developmental aspects as well as the psychosexual disorders. We're very happy to have others come in and participate with us. It has been very

1	enriching.
2 3 4	COMMISSIONER MILROY: How would you go about, then, developing a shared understanding or a consistent
5 6	curriculum? What would be required in order to do that?
7	SISTER ALLEN: I think those who are teaching these
8 9	classes - that's in addition to the professional standards which is already organised and clear - it would be good if
10	we would all get together and discuss it. We've not done
11 12	that yet.
13	COMMISSIONER MILROY: One of the issues that came up in
14	evidence earlier in the week was also about the role of
15 16	children in the confessional and that if a child discloses sexual abuse to a priest within the confession, that's not
17	a confession, and that can be reported. Is that a shared
18 19	understanding in formation, or not? Anyone is free to comment.
20	
21 22	FATHER HOGAN: As far as I understand, whatever is said in the context of the confessional is supposed to be secret.
23	However, what one could advise
24	COMMISSIONER MILROY: Did anyone hear this evidence the
25 26	COMMISSIONER MILROY: Did anyone hear this evidence the other day?
27	FATHER HOCAN, The net aways of it
28 29	FATHER HOGAN: I'm not aware of it.
30	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.
31 32	THE CHAIR: I'm sorry, father, what is said is that if
33	a child comes in and confesses to its own misbehaviour,
34 35	then that is subject to the seal. But if the child comes in and says, "My father, mother, grandfather or the priest
36	interfered with me sexually", then because that is not
37	misbehaviour by the child, it's not protected by the seal
38 39	of the confessional. That is a pretty clear line of demarcation. Is there any problem in any of you
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41 42	FATHER HOGAN: I would encourage the child to go and report it.
43	ropore re.
44	THE CHAIR: What about you yourself? Why wouldn't you go

and report it?

FATHER HOGAN:

I would be happy to go with the child.

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THE CHAIR: But if the child --

FATHER HOGAN:

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my hearing is not that good. Is there an actual confessional thing where the child is actually going to confession, just doesn't pop in and say "Hey"? No, gone to confession and said, "I had impure THE CHAIR:

Sorry, I possibly misunderstood you because

thoughts about something" that children might talk about but also happened to say, "and there was misbehaviour", which the child may well interpret as misbehaviour by the child, which is not uncommon.

SISTER ALLEN: That's right.

THE CHAIR: But the evidence was that there is a very clear line, and it's only when the child is confessing to misbehaviour by the child that the seal applies. your response to that, Dr Milroy would like to know?

FATHER HOGAN: I would certainly have to go to a canon lawyer or a moral theologian.

COMMISSIONER MILROY: There certainly was a consistent approach to it the other day amongst all of the witnesses in saying that that would not be covered by the seal, so I'm just wondering whether this is something that is now taught in formation or whether this is a new revelation?

FATHER HOGAN: Well, if you excuse me, once I get it clear for myself, I'm quite happy to do that, because we --

COMMISSIONER MILROY: Did you hear the evidence, sister?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes, I did. I will give a parallel example I have a duty of confidentiality, and I had of myself. a five-year-old child come to me. Her parents were separated - actually, she was four. Whenever her father would come to pick her up, I could hear her screaming down the street as he was picking her up and taking her to his This happened a couple of times, and I thought there's something untoward happening here. So I talked with her, and she was able to say that her father was sexually abusing her.

Normally, I would have the confidentiality, but what

like child protection, or the police force, and just say,

"I would like to ask hypothetically a question, and I might

46 47 have a case - or if I had a case where this is the case, would you have any suggestions for me?" In the past, I've always been fortunate and have gotten the help that I needed, and the individual was willing to work with us. So I was always able to find a way.

THE CHAIR: As far as the teaching of your seminary is concerned, what is the position on this issue for priests?

SISTER ALLEN: In terms of the confessional?

THE CHAIR: Yes.

SISTER ALLEN: I haven't dealt with them in that regard. That's up to our priests. I do talk with them about these issues, but not in terms of the confessional per se.

THE CHAIR: Father Thompson?

FATHER THOMPSON: The case you are proposing I would think would technically not come under the seal of confession. I would just wonder, though, if I were to reveal that without the child's consent, whether I would damage her understanding of the confidentiality of confession.

I would hope that what others have suggested would work. My first reaction was, "Look, let's go and talk to someone about this together", if she is happy to come with me and - that's really her giving consent; or even if she said - you know, "Will you let me tell someone?", but I think she may need - that little child may need perhaps to be convinced that no-one will hurt her. I just hope I never find myself in that situation.

 JUSTICE COATE: The issue I think behind the question is what is being taught in the seminary, what guidance are you giving to those in formation, who may well be faced with exactly that situation.

FATHER THOMPSON: Right. I can't say for sure what is being taught in my seminary on that. It is an area of moral theology, and I would have to ask the lecturer in moral theology what he is teaching.

JUSTICE COATE: Do you know what is being taught in your seminary?

1	FATHER HOGAN: Sorry, yes, could I just come back to the						
2	main question, please. As far as I understand it, the						
3	secret of the seal of confession is kind of dissolved if						
4	the person gives you permission to act on their behalf. So						
5	I kind of maybe was a little bit misunderstanding.						
6	, and the second						
7	THE CHAIR: That much is plain. But it would not be						
8	unexpected that the child, in disclosing to the priest,						
9	believes the child has been at fault and may be in real						
10	fear of the abuser and may say, "No, I don't want you to						
11	tell anyone", whereas you know - it might be an						
12	eight-year-old or whatever - they are actually presently in						
13	danger. The question is, what are you able to do?						
14	danger: The questron 13, what are you able to do:						
15	FATHER HOGAN: Yes, I am aware that one of the big things						
16	about child abuse is that the child themselves feels						
17	guilty, and being able to try to convince the child that						
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	that is not the case - I think it may need a lot of						
19	patience and time.						
20	THE CHAID. But if you have a shild who is telling you						
21	THE CHAIR: But if you have a child who is telling you						
22	that they are presently being abused?						
23	EATHED HOCAN. I would do my utweet to let me helm them						
24	FATHER HOGAN: I would do my utmost to let me help them.						
25	HIGH OF COATE DO COATE						
26	JUSTICE COATE: But, again, father, do you know what is						
27	being taught in your seminary?						
28	FATUED HOOM. That are well and market many the law to						
29	FATHER HOGAN: That area - well, again, moral theology is						
30	outsourced to the two other colleges. I'm not quite sure.						
31	HIGHTOF COATE O (I						
32	JUSTICE COATE: So the answer is you don't know what is						
33	being taught on that issue?						
34	EATHER HOOM, T. I. I. I.						
35	FATHER HOGAN: I don't know.						
36	WOTTOF 001TF						
37	JUSTICE COATE: Do you think you should know?						
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39	FATHER HOGAN: I think I should.						
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41	JUSTICE COATE: And you, father?						
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43	FATHER THOMPSON: Yes, yes, I mean, I have an obligation						
44	to know what is being taught if it significantly affects						
45	a question like this. It's a question, I must admit, that						
46	has never come up with me, I've never had to face.						
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COMMISSIONER MILROY: It certainly hasn't been uncommon in private sessions for people to tell us that, as children, they actually in confession told the priest that they had been abused.

The other issue that came up in evidence last week, as well, was regarding a confession by a perpetrator about abuse of a child and how that is handled in confession. How is that issue taught in the seminaries or in formation?

FATHER THOMPSON: Once again, this would come into moral theology. My reaction would be that I could not grant absolution unless the perpetrator agreed to go to authorities and reveal the situation, hand himself in. One cannot grant absolution if the wish to make full reparation and to avoid a similar problem in the future is not there.

COMMISSIONER MILROY: If they don't follow through with the instruction to report and you can't grant absolution, does that allow you to break the seal of confession and report?

FATHER THOMPSON: No.

COMMISSIONER MILROY: Would anyone else like to make a comment?

FATHER HOGAN: I apologise, I couldn't hear.

COMMISSIONER MILROY: It was about the issue of a perpetrator, in confession, confessing to abusing a child and the response by the priest in that scenario.

The second question related to, if the priest instructs the person that they have to report as part of their receiving absolution, and they don't do that, does that give the priest an out in terms of breaking the seal of confession?

FATHER HOGAN: I checked this one out with a canon lawyer. He says that if the perpetrator is sincerely sorry and is intending never to do anything like that again, you can't withhold the absolution, and that's the canon lawyer's answer to me on that one, because the absolution is a pronouncement of God's forgiveness, and God's forgiveness is always there. So you can't make it dependent on him doing something.

One can encourage him to go and hand himself in. I certainly would, because what you are trying to do is - if somebody is already doing something like that, there is a chance of him doing it again, even if he doesn't intend to or doesn't want to, because we have to protect future victims.

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THE CHAIR: What happens if absolution is given and then, within a few weeks, the same priest turns up to confession again to confess the same sort of behaviour? What happens then?

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FATHER HOGAN: We need to deal with them according to the rules and regulations of confession, because, you know, we understand it as God's court and we're only acting on God's behalf.

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THE CHAIR: So you grant absolution again?

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FATHER HOGAN: If the person is sorry and has a firm purpose of amendment, yes.

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THE CHAIR: Do you reach the point where you wouldn't accept that they were sorry and had a real purpose of amendment?

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FATHER HOGAN: If you had a doubt that they were sorry, then you could withhold absolution.

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THE CHAIR: Would anyone else like to comment on that?

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DR LEARY: I don't know what the answer is to the question because I think it's - I can understand it from both sides. However, I think one of the problems that we're facing and this has come up a number of times in the hearings, and one notable one in a conversation between your Honour and Bishop Bede Heather. I don't think that the Church, seminary, seminarians, priests - not globally, but I suspect to a significant degree - understand how society works and the obligations that we have as a common community within society. And because I don't think we understand that fully and we don't understand a whole lot of aspects of civil society, we haven't gone into the conversation that you have been trying to lead people We haven't had that robust debate about how that along. works.

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I think that is a failing on the part of the Church and it will continue to be a failing on the part of the Church for as long as the Church does not fully understand how civil society works and the fact that the Church is within civil society and we have an obligation to work within the framework of civil society, so that our laws, the Church's canons, have to interact with civil society and there must be that battle that goes on in such a way that we try to resolve some of those issues.

In respect to the first case example that you provided, your Honour, for me it's a no-brainer. I think it's not my role, in the first instance, if I was in that situation of the girl saying to me, separate to a confession of sin - if I was in that situation, it would be very clear to me around my reporting obligations. I don't think, if it's a child, it's about negotiating with the child. I think it's about protection first. it's about safety first. I think it's about making sure that nothing happens that does harm to this person, as far as we are able.

And I don't think we have got that. I don't think we fully understand the significance of that. I don't think we understand the psychology that underpins our modern understanding of child sexual abuse. As a result, we fluff around the edges and we try to negotiate. It's really clear in every other jurisdiction except the Church: somebody reports something to you, you have an obligation to report that. And the reporting isn't about trying to work out whether the person will understand or not Let's work with that further down the path. understand. Let's make sure that the person is not in harm's way. Let's have life above all things.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Dr Leary, one of the reasons child sexual abuse has occasionally been described as a crime against humanity is because of the great harm it causes, including early death and suicide. This Commission has heard in evidence child sexual abuse being described as the "murder of souls".

DR LEARY: It's certainly the murder of innocence.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: What you said earlier is that a lack of understanding and a lack of compassion, either all or

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both, enables priests to hear confessions and allow abuse to carry on, which will result in the murder of souls and terrible harm to those individuals concerned.

Now, some of the witnesses to this Commission clerics - have said they believe the greater good should prevail, in other words, exactly what you said: protection of the child overcomes everything else. have said that the seal of the confessional matters more than the murder of a soul. They didn't use that exact language, but that's the impact.

What is your view, now that you know what it does to If a perpetrator came and told you in confession, would you really allow that perpetrator to continue?

Let me be very clear. I'm not a priest and DR LEARY: have no desire to be a priest.

THE CHAIR: Put yourself in the shoes.

DR LEARY: Yes, I can easily do that. For me, again, because I have a lengthy history of working in social sciences and as a counsellor, the battles that I have had over that occurred 30 years ago.

It's very clear to me now that there is a common good argument here that if I was a priest and I was in the confessional, and I understood very clearly the distinction that was made and obviously has been made here in evidence, then it would be the first thing - regardless of whether the person gave me permission to report or not, I would definitely report.

It's not my role to assess safety issues. It's my role to presume that if the person is telling me that sexual abuse has occurred, then safety is automatically an It's not up to me to assess that. My obligation and this is clearly formulated within civil society - is to report and to allow other people to do their job, whether it's the police or social services or sexual abuse counsellors or whomever. I should not place myself as an authority in that situation over the common wisdom that is evident, very evident, in society today around this issue. There is a very strong, I think, common good argument that given Justice McClellan's outlining of the situation, it's very clear.

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Father Kelly, could I ask you a quite specific question about something you have said in your statement. You talk about the involvement of, I think, the Kairos program in formation. That's a coordinated effort by Catholic Religious Australia to provide education to different orders; is that right?

FATHER KELLY: That's correct, ves.

You have said, in that context, that over the MR FREE: past four years there has been a greater emphasis and time given within the Kairos program to human development, psychosexual development, health and wellbeing, professional standards and child protection. explain what prompted that development over the last four years?

FATHER KELLY: As formators, in the context of the sexual abuse, we felt that we needed to have more input on this and more understanding both from the psychosexual point of view but also from the professional standards point of view of what it means to live in community, celibate community, that kind of thing, community life skills, and even health. We built health into that. So that was the context in which it developed, and we draw on the best professionals that we can get.

MR FREE: That comes to an issue that you might have heard raised yesterday - I don't know if you had the opportunity to follow the evidence. One of the Commissioners asked is there a consciousness on the part of those vesterday: who are involved in designing formation syllabuses, curricula, et cetera, that the formation they are designing has to respond to perceived deficiencies in the past that may have contributed to the child sexual abuse problem?

FATHER KELLY: Well, I think this was a good example of that.

MR FREE: Was there any particular event four years ago, or so, that prompted that consideration?

FATHER KELLY: No, just the continual reportage of it and the seeming growth of revelation about it. So we thought that we needed to try to - and this bringing people together, we thought this would be a good way, a good

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beginning, anyway, to try to address it.

MR FREE: Could I ask you, Sister Allen, in your seminary, firstly, are you involved at all in the design of the formation program within the seminary?

SISTER ALLEN: The part that I take, yes.

MR FREE: As part of that, have there been conversations along the same lines, of how do we redesign the formation program to address deficiencies that might be, in part, related to the child sexual abuse problem?

SISTER ALLEN: When I came in, I established this program that we have now, and it's in accord with some of the seminaries that we know of in the United States. I spend a great deal of time talking about child sexual abuse in this program and what happens to a child and to an adolescent who is sexually abused, what the experience is, as far as teaching psychologically, emotionally, physically what the effects are of child sexual abuse, to the extent that we can. Then I also talk a lot about the characteristics of paedophiles and ephebrophiles. We spend a great deal of time on that.

MR FREE: Did you hear the evidence yesterday of Dr Gerardine Robinson?

SISTER ALLEN: Yes, part of it.

MR FREE: You may or may not have heard this part, but Dr Robinson was expressing the view that part of a healthy formation environment for psychosexual development and understanding the sexual identity of seminarians requires openness about sexual issues.

SISTER ALLEN: Yes.

MR FREE: In that context, she expressed a particular concern that because of the church's teaching on homosexuality and the disqualification of people who are seen as having a deep-seated tendency to homosexuality, that was a significant impediment to openness within the seminary. Did you hear her talking about that?

SISTER ALLEN: I did.

1	MR FREE: Now, that was a topic we touched on earlier						
2	today. Do you have a concern that because of the message						
3	which is effectively being conveyed to seminarians that if						
4	they reveal a deep-seated tendency to homosexuality, they						
5	are disqualified from ordination and from continuing in the						
6	seminary, that is going to impede them from open						
7	communication?						
8							
9	SISTER ALLEN: No, I do not. That has not been my						
10	experience in the seminary. As a matter of fact, the						
11	seminarians come to me freely and we talk about very						
12	detailed aspects of their sexuality. We have a very good,						
13	trusting relationship.						
14	· ·						
15	COMMISSIONER MILROY: Sister Allen, on a related matter						
16	regarding that, if they are meant to adopt celibacy as						
17	a way of life, what difference does their sexual						
18	orientation make, if any?						
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20	SISTER ALLEN: This is again - it would take a lot to						
21	explain it entirely, because						
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23	COMMISSIONER MILROY: We have some time.						
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25	SISTER ALLEN: All right. What it means is that certainly						
26	what we focus on						
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28	COMMISSIONER MILROY: Do they see it as a risk? Is that						
29	one of the issues?						
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31	SISTER ALLEN: In terms of what - child sexual abuse?						
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33	COMMISSIONER MILROY: Anything - breaking of vows,						
34	boundary violations.						
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36	SISTER ALLEN: No, no, that's not the issue. That is not						
37	the issue. So what we focus on is chaste celibacy. So it						
38	is the chastity that is the context for the celibacy.						
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40	COMMISSIONER MILROY: So what difference does that make,						
41	then, in regard to their orientation?						
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43	SISTER ALLEN: In regard to sexual orientation? I have to						
44	say that only once did we have a situation where there was						
45	a situation where someone had a deep-seated homosexual						
46	direction in their own lives, and they refused to be						
47	formed. For us, those two together made it impossible for						

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that individual. It was in the very beginning phases. They were there for about two or three weeks and that was

So during that phase of their beginning formation, it became evident that we could not continue to have them in the seminary, because they were not open to formation. I'm not talking about just sexual formation. They were not being respectful or accepting of what the staff were saying to them, not only myself.

So those two things went together. Otherwise, I've never had that situation where I've had someone want to be included in the seminary, want to be accepted into the seminary, who had deep-seated sexual issues related to homosexuality. So in terms of the question, if they live celibately and if they are chaste, that's what we work toward. But we have to be able to work with someone.

THE CHAIR: But, sister, you are being asked why does it matter whether the orientation is heterosexual or homosexual, if that is the sort of person that you want, someone who will live a celibate, chaste life.

SISTER ALLEN: The issue is not whether they are homosexual or heterosexual. The issue is whether it is a deep-seated issue of: this is what I am, this is who I am, and I want to belong to the gay community, et cetera, That's the issue. And it's a lack of et cetera. willingness to be formed, to be in one heart and one mind with the Church. That's the issue. It's very different from the way - I'm not sure that I can explain it to you clearly.

THE CHAIR: No, I'm not sure it is helpful. Because there would be, presumably, heterosexual people who might have a deep-seated heterosexuality that will manifest itself in various ways that heterosexuals might. Commissioner Milrov is asking you, given your knowledge and understanding, why does the Church see a difference?

SISTER ALLEN: I can't speak for the Church, per se, but I can say that it is the issue of having to do with the male identity and the ability to be in line with the -I started talking about the natural law, before. natural law according to Catholic teaching is that the male, in terms of his male sexuality, is masculine.

it's a male sexuality. So it has to be the genetic - the genetic code of the male is masculine, is male, and so he's masculine, male. And the woman, the female, is feminine, all right? And so there is a clear distinction between the two, all right? And it is based in natural law. the basis of this teaching.

COMMISSIONER MILROY: Does the same issue apply to women entering female religious orders?

SISTER ALLEN: Is what the same issue, do you mean?

Same-sex attraction. COMMISSIONER MILROY: excluded from female religious orders?

SISTER ALLEN: I do not know that. I do not know that.

Can I turn to the question of foreign MR FREE: I asked you each earlier, or some of you, at least, the extent to which you had people born overseas in your seminaries for training. The Commission would be interested to hear from you on any issues you have encountered in that regard.

Can I start with you, Father Thompson. There has been a lot of discussion throughout these hearings about Church culture and cultural change over time, which one might think could present issues if people come from other cultures to receive formation training here. What has been your experience with foreign candidates in your seminary?

FATHER THOMPSON: Yes, the Church in some of these countries - there is evidence of clericalism. If I can single one out - and it is not the only one - because I have been to Nigeria, twice. It's very much based on the Irish model, as we are, but perhaps it is still closer to It is very much the people putting their priest on a pedestal that leads to this attitude.

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We have to point this out to the Nigerian seminarians and point out that here in Australia it's quite different. We have to wash our own clothes, we have to cook our meals, and so forth. They learn quick enough. They soon catch on.

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I would expect, perhaps to a lesser extent, but to some extent, in other especially very strongly Catholic

communities - Philippines, parts of India - that is a challenge that we have to meet, that they do come with this idea of the special privilege of the priest that they find in their home culture. But, to be fair to them, they seem to react very positively to the instruction and to the change of outlook that they see here, and they have really been - I'm not aware of any problems with those who have reached ordination along this area.

MR FREE: Thank you. Father Hogan, can I ask you your experience?

FATHER HOGAN: Yes, thanks. In my experience, I haven't come across problems with clericalism. If there are any issues at all, they are cultural ones, which you are going to find between different cultures. There's been nothing that has been insurmountable. The more exposure modern day Australia has to all sorts of cultures the more we are learning and have certain expectations that they are going to be different and we're able to meet them quite successfully.

COMMISSIONER MILROY: In regard to that clash of cultures, perhaps, is there any difference in the views regarding children, or rights of children?

FATHER HOGAN: I've certainly not come across it. What I've come across is a deep love and respect for children. Yes.

MR FREE: Sister Allen, can I ask you whether you have any insights on that experience from your seminary?

 SISTER ALLEN: We don't have any seminarians from foreign countries who are expecting to have a privileged place, as far as I'm aware. As a matter of fact, we have a number coming in from Vietnam and they are very grateful to serve. So it is my hope that as they continue through the formation, that that will continue to be supported within them.

MR FREE: Dr Leary, have you had any dealings with foreign candidates that you could enlighten us with?

DR LEARY: Yes. In a number of my classes I often have students from other countries - Cambodia, Vietnam, Laos, Myanmar, various African countries. I think the issues

By way of example, during a course I ran last year I played a movie halfway through the course which dealt with issues of loss and grief. It happened to be a gay couple, one of whom had died. But the real conflict, or the real difficulty, was between the surviving partner and the victim's mother, and there was a language barrier and what-have-you.

 One of the students went back to his formator and said, "I think I should have been warned about that movie before I saw it." That presented as an interesting challenge, to talk with him about how, firstly, we live in a very multicultural society; there are lots of different people and there are lots of different circumstances, and we are called to serve. But also to try to get to the bottom of why that was an issue for him.

So there are some aspects of western culture that are very foreign to some seminarians from overseas, that only, I believe, come to the fore once they are in a situation where they are confronted with that particular element or that particular factor.

So the risk is that in the normal course of every day, nothing appears to be problematic. But it is when you come face to face with difference, "otherness", something that is out of the ordinary, something that is beyond your experience or beyond what your Church might come across back in your land of origin, where the issue becomes problematic.

 Again, I would be saying loud and clear that intellectual input is one thing. Very carefully supervised longitudinal practice is another thing altogether. That is where I believe the real formation happens - on the ground, where the rubber hits the road. That's why I would argue very strongly for a different frame of reference in terms of formation.

MR FREE: I think we are going to get the benefits of your views on that topic tomorrow, so we might develop that further then.

DR LEARY: Let's not go any further, steal my thunder.

MR FREE: Father Kelly, do you have any issues on the cultural issue that I have raised regarding foreign candidates?

FATHER KELLY: Sometimes a Jesuit will come over in order to act as a chaplain to a migrant community, but we don't normally bring candidates over.

Sometimes, a Jesuit from overseas or Jesuits from overseas will come for study, so they might come and do some theology or spirituality in Australia, and they will stay, but they won't engage in public ministry unless they have gone through all the appropriate protocols.

Currently, in the novitiate, we have a man from Tonga, who has been a priest for 16 years and has joined the Jesuits, but because there is no Jesuit presence in Tonga, this is the closest. So this is where we have him.

Now, that's interesting, because I think in our parish there is a huge Tongan community. So, in a way, he is teaching us about them and we're teaching him about us. So that seems to be what's happening through the formation. And he will do the full formation, the full initial formation of novitiate.

MR FREE: Thank you, father. I have no further questions, your Honour.

COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: I have some questions. Perhaps if I could ask Father Kelly, but, please, I invite anyone else to join in. Just for my own understanding, firstly, can it be that a priest is fully trained and working as a priest overseas and comes here to Australia and can commence work as a priest here in a parish immediately, or does that priest have to go through some induction process here in terms of local culture?

FATHER KELLY: I can't answer it because we don't do it.

COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: You don't do it. Does anyone do it? Can I ask everyone on the panel?

DR LEARY: Certainly as a Franciscan, if a priest came from overseas - and we have one Vietnamese here at the moment - they have to go through an induction program.

1 2 3	That doesn't always work. One of our priests returned to his country of origin because it clearly didn't work for him.					
4 5 6 7	COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Thank you. Does anyone else have a comment on that?					
8 9 10	FATHER THOMPSON: My understanding is that most dioceses do require this. It may be all. But I know lots of dioceses that do require an induction program.					
11	droceses that do require an induction program.					
12	COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Could I ask Father Kelly - but					
13	others please feel free to comment: the first part of					
14	three parts that I wanted to ask about goes back to what					
15	Commissioner Milroy was talking about. Father Kelly, do					
16	you know how many seminaries or places of training there					
17	are in Australia?					
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19	FATHER KELLY: No.					
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21	COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Does anyone know how many there					
22	are in Australia, how many seminaries or places of					
23	formation training?					
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25	FATHER HOGAN: I can answer for diocesan seminaries.					
26	I think there are seven. But then you have a lot of					
27	religious institutes that have their own formation houses					
28	and I wouldn't know how many of those there are.					
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30	COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Does it flow obviously from that -					
31	it would seem as though all of you have vast, extensive					
32	experience in this field of formation and training, but					
33	throughout Australia, all of you who are in charge of these					
34	places of formation and training and seminaries - you don't					
35	get together annually and have a conference and share					
36	information?					
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38	FATHER THOMPSON: Oh, yes.					
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40	COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: You do?					
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42	FATHER THOMPSON: Yes. Every year.					
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44	COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Every year?					
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46	FATHER THOMPSON: Mmm.					
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1 COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Okay. Then Commissioner Milroy's 2 question about developing a shared curriculum that 3 identifies best practice - do you do that together?

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FATHER THOMPSON: At times, yes. Different areas have come up where we have looked at best practice. I, through illness, have had to be absent from the last couple, so I'm not quite sure what has gone on. But my memory is that very often, as a result of those conferences, we have come away with a better understanding of issues and being able to implement them in our own seminaries.

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COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Is there anything documented in that regard as to what would be a best practice basic manual that you could expand on locally if you wished to?

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FATHER THOMPSON: Not that I know of, no.

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Thank you. The second one sort of COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: flows from that, really. Again, could I direct the question to Father Kelly. In terms of human resource management, organisationally, are you provided with national statistics that talk about, for example, recruitment and retention and the numbers of priests that are needed in Australia and the retention rates and the It would seem to me, for example, that you would have three sources for priests: one is overseas-trained priests who travel to Australia and become priests here; the second would be people from Australia who are trained locally; and the third would be people from overseas who are trained locally. Tell me if you disagree with that. You don't seem to. So are you provided with any national statistics so that you have a picture, from a human resource management perspective, of where the Catholic Church is generally in terms of meeting the need for priests?

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FATHER KELLY: No, I'm not.

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41 42 COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: The sense of what we have been told here is that priests generally are ageing and that there is a lack of priests across the country. Is that a fair comment?

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DR LEARY: Yes.

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COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: The third one - again,

FATHER KELLY: I think there are some, but I can't think of where I've seen some of those indicators.

COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Could I suggest three. One might be - I don't know, myself, but these are three that jump out to me: the number of people attending church; the financial income for the parish; and the number or absence of complaints about the parish priest. They are three possibilities. Would you agree that they could be performance indicators?

 FATHER KELLY: They could be. It shows him as a good administrator. But I think other things like how he preaches the word, how he conducts sacramental ministry, what is his pastoral style and what is that like. So there are, I think, things that are there, that you would be looking at and saying - yes.

COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: But again it doesn't sound as though that has been documented. Is it an internal thing, that people know who the good priests are and know who you might send someone to?

FATHER KELLY: Well, your laity tell you who the good priests are, really. You know that by --

THE CHAIR: Well, except that some of the case studies that we have done rather suggest that doesn't work very well sometimes.

SISTER ALLEN: I can say that in the seminary we have a number of different qualities that are looked at and graded, so to speak, by the staff, the seminary staff.

It's not national, obviously, but it's just within our seminary, where we take a look at the qualities that would

be considered in fostering a good priesthood, in terms of the qualities that father was just speaking about.

COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Or some of them, yes. I mean, it just seemed to me that no-one, I think, would argue that you would want to produce good priests who are pastorally effective, together with them going the distance and not leaving the priesthood at an early time, together with them, themselves, in terms of their own personal wellbeing, being in a very good place. It just seemed to me that all of those things are capable of performance indicators, and they clearly link back to recruitment and training.

SISTER ALLEN: Yes, they do.

COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Yet my sense of it, without wanting to sound critical, is that that doesn't seem to exist in some sort of documented, structured, clear way. Is that an unfair comment?

DR LEARY: No, I don't think it is an unfair comment, and I don't know whether I got this information from a priest in the Sale Diocese, where I've been doing some work, or from one of the witnesses who is coming up tomorrow, and I don't want to put him in the middle of it, but it may be a relevant question for tomorrow with Father Greg Bourke, if I remember that he is on the panel, because he is dealing with the clergy life and ministry. Certainly I know that there is a template for evaluation that I've seen that has been being rolled out.

 I think it's a lack in our formation but also in our ongoing professional development. In every other discipline there would be instruments that are easily obtainable that are used across the board - social work, psychology, medicine - where it's easy to work out to some degree the effectiveness of the person in their role.

Those instruments can be fairly blunt instruments, but they give you some indicator. And it is not just about management. But I would argue very strongly - and this is a matter for tomorrow - that there is a whole lot of things that need to be in place that allow us to be able to say as individuals: I believe I'm acting effectively, partly because I have these structures and strategies in place.

There is a tendency I think in the formation at the

1 moment to see those sort of structures and strategies as 2 being relating to initial formation, and I would argue very 3 strongly that it's a part of life, it is cradle to grave -4 from the moment you come in you start the processes of 5 individual supervision, professional development, doing 6 a certain number of hours of ongoing professional training 7 There is a list of them. every year, et cetera. 8 that goes on not just in the seminary but right throughout your time as a priest or a brother or a sister or as 9 a pastoral minister. 10

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THE CHAIR: In lay terms, it comes down to how the Church manages?

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DR LEARY: Yes, and the structures that it is willing to commit itself to to give us the greatest potential for doing good and avoiding evil.

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32 33 SISTER ALLEN: Father Stephen Rossetti wrote an article in 2012 based on two studies that he did in 2002, I believe, and 2007. It's based on the happiness of the priest. took a look at all of the aspects that together assist priests in being happy in their ministry, including their own living, their own interior life, their relationship with God, their establishing their own friendships and having solid friendships with priests and laypeople, their capacity, the way they experience their own relationships with others. So that might be a good study to take a look as also, because he does address the issue of effectiveness but through the priests, and particularly the younger priests who are coming up and being much happier than the older priests who had gone through the old formation system in the old seminaries. It's an important study that he did.

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COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Were any of the contents of that study again, sister, formally adopted into performance indicators?

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SISTER ALLEN: I would have to ask in the American Church whether that is the case or not.

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COMMISSIONER ATKINSON: Thank you. I have nothing further.

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COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: I think tomorrow some of that will come up. One of the issues, just if I can take it up,

sister, is the Church Life Surveys that have been taking 1 2 place in Australia for many years, to what extent the 3 learnings from those surveys are in fact informing the formation of priests. That is, is our formation of priests 4 5 truly reflective of what the lay faithful expect of priests, or is that done in isolation, that priests and 6 7 bishops determine what priests should be, but the voice of 8 the laity in determining that is absent? The information is there, but my question is really is there any evidence 9 that that information, which is regularly collected, is in 10 fact informing the way in which priests and others are in 11 fact formed? 12 13 I would say in part, but I can't talk about 14 SISTER ALLEN: 15 details in that regard. 16 COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: 17 Tomorrow we might have a chat about that with others. 18 19 THE CHAIR: Ms Needham? 20 21 <EXAMINATION BY MS NEEDHAM:</pre> 22 23 24 MS NEEDHAM: I only have a couple of questions for Sister, in your evidence before lunch you 25 Sister Lydia. were asked some questions about the way in which the 26 27 Vatican provided instructions for, in effect, requiring 28 screening and training of applicants consistent with the 29 principles relating to prevention of child sexual abuse and safety of children. 30 31 32 SISTER ALLEN: Yes. 33 34 MS NEEDHAM: In particular, Commissioner Murray asked you: 35 Does the Vatican lay a requirement on you 36 37 to pay specific attention to whether 38 a candidate has a sexual interest in 39 children? 40 41 Do you remember that question and the questions around it? 42 43 SISTER ALLEN: Yes, I do.

MS NEEDHAM:

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The first is

documents which appear in the tender bundle.

I would like to take you to a number of

the document at tab 27. There is only a necessity to go to

1 2	them because I am just going to ask you firstly whether you are aware of them and secondly whether each of these
3	documents is consistent with your answer to
4	Commissioner Murray that there were documents which did so
5	require.
6	1 0 4 4 1 1 0 1
7	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.
8	0101111
9	MS NEEDHAM: The first is tab 27. That is the letter to
10	the bishops, clergy and faithful referred to as Pastores
1	dabo vobis. Are you aware of that document?
12	·
13	SISTER ALLEN: Yes, we use it a great deal.
14	
15	MS NEEDHAM: What does that document say, in brief, in
16	relation to the requirement for what has been referred to
17	as human formation?
8	
19	SISTER ALLEN: Well, the dignity of all human beings,
20	including men, women and children, needs to be respected.
21	MC NEEDHAM. Action was that were see from the Heli.
22	MS NEEDHAM: Acting upon that message from the Holy
23	Father, at tab 30 of the bundle there is a document from
24 25	the Australian Catholic Bishops - the ACBC - known as the Program for Priestly Formation Australia.
26 26	Flogiam for Filestly Formation Australia.
27	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.
28	OTOTEK MEZEN. 100.
29	MS NEEDHAM: Are you aware of this and does it reflect
30	your practice within the seminary?
31	, ,
32	SISTER ALLEN: Yes, it does.
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34	MS NEEDHAM: That was a document, while produced by the
35	ACBC, which was in 2007, I think, adopted or given effect
36	to by the Vatican?
37	
38	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.
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10	MS NEEDHAM: At tab 31 of the bundle is a document called
11	The Gift of the Priestly Vocation.
12	CICTED ALLEN. V
13	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.
14 15	MC NEEDHAM. That is quite a long document but seekers
15 16	MS NEEDHAM: That is quite a long document, but perhaps you could be shown paragraph 202. That is at page 0083.
17	I see it is up. The Commission staff are ahead of me. You

1 2 3	see there, sister, some information on the requirement in formation as to assessment of persons coming into seminaries?					
4 5	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.					
6 7 8 9	MS NEEDHAM: Have you got a comment on how that document governs your practice?					
10 11 12 13	SISTER ALLEN: It is very much - it is a relatively new document but it really just reinforces what we've already been practising and teaching.					
14 15 16 17	MS NEEDHAM: You mentioned in your evidence that you have had correspondence or communication with the Pontifical Commission for the Protection of Minors.					
18 19	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.					
20 21 22	MS NEEDHAM: Behind tab 44 of the bundle is a document titled the Statute of the Pontifical Commission for the Protection of Minors.					
23 24 25	SISTER ALLEN: Yes, that charter.					
26 27 28	MS NEEDHAM: Can you explain the role of that document or where that document is going?					
29 30	SISTER ALLEN: Where it is going? Do you mean what it is discussing?					
31 32 33	MS NEEDHAM: What does it do?					
34 35 36	SISTER ALLEN: It is in regard to the protection of children, in regard to any kind of abuse towards children.					
37 38 39 40	MS NEEDHAM: And what is the role of the Pontifical Commission for the Protection of Minors in relation to the seminary?					
41 42 43 44 45	SISTER ALLEN: Well, we follow their teaching, of course. And as I said before, they are really wanting to bring out a document that is much longer on the protection of children and helping children who have been sexually abused.					
46 47	MS NEEDHAM: Perhaps I could take you now to tab 46 of					

1	that document. This is the guidelines which have been					
2	proposed, or a template for guidelines proposed by the					
3	Pontifical Commission for the Protection of Minors. Now,					
4	if you scroll through to page 3 of that document, 0003 - do					
5	you have that document in front of you, sister?					
6	you have that accument in front or you, crotor.					
7	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.					
8	OTOTEK ALLEN. 163.					
	MC NEEDHAM. You will occ that page 2					
9	MS NEEDHAM: You will see that page 3					
10	OTOTED ALLEN					
11	SISTER ALLEN: Working groups.					
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13	MS NEEDHAM: Yes, a little further down - sorry, I am					
14	looking at the page number at the top right-hand corner.					
15						
16	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.					
17						
18	MS NEEDHAM: You will see that there is a statement in					
19	relation to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of					
20	the Child. It is on the screen. We might be looking at					
21	different documents.					
22	different documents.					
23	SISTER ALLEN: I am sorry. Yes.					
23 24	SISTEN ALLEN. I am Sorry. 165.					
	MC NEEDLAM. To that compthise that the comingny practice					
25	MS NEEDHAM: Is that something that the seminary practice					
26	takes into regard?					
27						
28	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.					
29						
30	MS NEEDHAM: Moving forward through that document, the					
31	next part I would like to take you to is page 0005,					
32	paragraph 4 in that document, at the bottom of the page.					
33	That paragraph states that these guidelines seek to put in					
34	place, effectively, rules for each territory of the Church.					
35	What would be the territory of the Church, the relevant					
36	territory of the Church, that we would be referring to.					
37	to the state of th					
38	SISTER ALLEN: The territory where you are.					
39	orotek Allen. The correctly whore you are.					
40	MS NEEDHAM: Would that be Australia?					
	113 NELDITAIT. WOUTE CHAL DE AUSCLATTA!					
41	CICTED ALLEN. That would be Aveteralds and					
42	SISTER ALLEN: That would be Australia, yes.					
43	MO NEEDIAM O 11' I ' O I I T					
44	MS NEEDHAM: Scrolling down to page 6, paragraph 5 refers					
45	to safe recruitment. Do you see that?					
46						
47	SISTER ALLEN: Yes.					

Again, that picks up a 2011 letter through the Congregation for the Doctrine of the Faith, looking at proper vetting of all persons seeking to work within the Church.

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SISTER ALLEN:

SISTER ALLEN:

Yes.

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Are these guidelines, draft as they are, MS NEEDHAM: something that would be welcomed by certainly your seminary?

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They are actually - yes, absolutely. SISTER ALLEN: are in line with what we teach.

MS NEEDHAM: And when you gave your answer about there being documents which were consistent with child protection coming from the Vatican, were these the kinds of documents that you were referring to?

Yes.

MS NEEDHAM: Nothing further.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you, Ms Needham, that was actually very helpful. I'm obliged to you.

One thing I raise for future discussion, but not today, is your highlighting of the best interests of the child in the international convention. Of course something like the seal of the confessional can be in direct conflict with that principle, and it is something that I would raise later. But thank you very much. That was helpful.

MS NEEDHAM: It is unfortunate, your Honour, that we weren't able to have the session with the representative from the Pontifical Commission which was planned but unable to proceed, I think last Friday.

COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: Ms Needham, can I just ask, the status of that document is draft?

MS NEEDHAM: It is draft.

Has the Church indicated COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD:

a timetable for its completion?

MS NEEDHAM: I do not know the answer to that, Commissioner. I can find out. But it is part of the work - there is a meeting of the Pontifical Commission I think in March.
COMMISSIONER FITZGERALD: Thank you.
MR FREE: Nothing further, your Honour.
THE CHAIR: We thank all of you for your time and contribution to the Commission. Four of you can be excused but, doctor, you have to come back tomorrow, I think.
DR LEARY: I do.
THE CHAIR: We will see you then but, otherwise, thank you again, and we will adjourn until 10 o'clock in the morning.
<the td="" withdrew<="" witnesses=""></the>
AT 3.45PM THE COMMISSION WAS ADJOURNED TO WEDNESDAY, 15 FEBRUARY 2016 AT 10AM

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